ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

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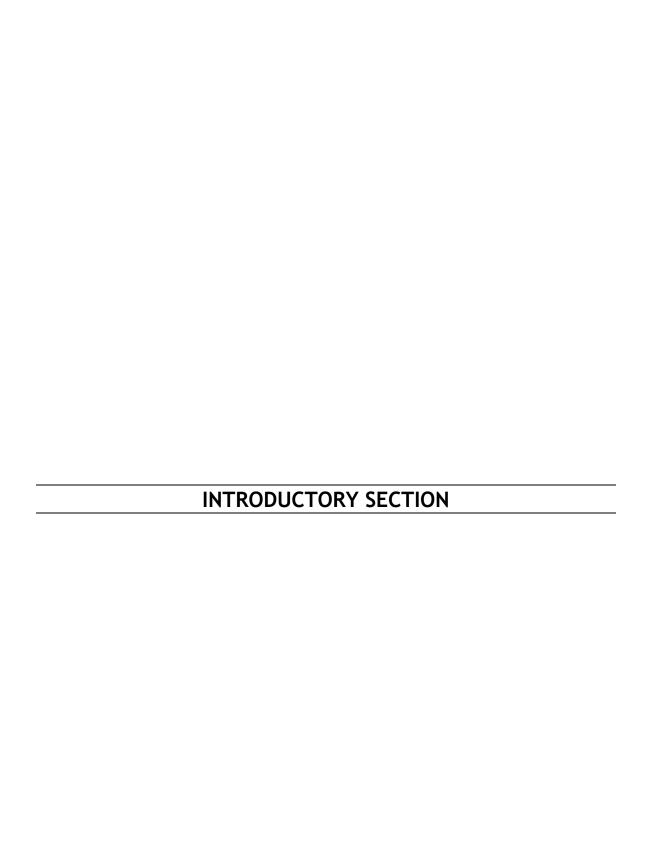
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	Board of Supervisors	
Did to the Minds	Laura Walters, Chair	W.L. 18 W.
Dirk I. Compton, Vice Chairman Christopher A. Stafford	Ashley Edmonds, Clerk	Michael D. Mooney Jeffrey G. Reeves
	County School Board	
	Joshua Taylor, Chair	
Gina Paine, Vice Chair Sabrina Cox	Teresa Porter, Clerk	Jacob Price Billy Williams
	Social Services Board	
	Kimberly Matthews, Chair	
Faye Powell Hawkins, Vice Chair Kathy Bopp	Kim Riffey, Clerk	Don Shelor Michael Mooney
	Library Board	
	Lynne Clark, Chair	
T.J. Cox Carol Smith		Jennifer Brown
Robin Keener		Jan Booker Laura Walters
Kathy Weddle		Robert Graham (Ex Officio)

Other Officials

Commonwealth's Attorney	Justin L. Griffith
Commissioner of the Revenue	Kim Matthews
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	Michael W. Worrell
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Spencer A. Rygas
Superintendent of Schools	Robert Graham
Director of Social Services	Guy Smith
County Administrator	Jonathan Sweet
County Attorney	Timothy Kirtner





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia ("the County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and

the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures,

including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Fobiuson, James, Cox, associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 10, 2025, on our consideration of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia April 10, 2025



County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

		ary Government				mponent Uni		
	Go	overnmental		School		lic Service	Econo	omic Development
ASSETS		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Board</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>uthority</u>		<u>Authority</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,592,348	\$	9,675,409	S	4,553,115	Ś	133,11
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	•	,,-	•	.,,	•	,,	·	,
Taxes		14,744,485		-		-		-
Other Local Taxes and Fees		643,086		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		250,673		_		1,608,891		22,836
Lease Receivable		134,585		_		-		1,036,167
Note Receivable		15,972		_		_		26,751,465
Loan Receivable		263,867		_		2,006,729		20,731,103
Opioid Settlement		1,761,414				2,000,727		
Rent Receivable		1,701,414						135,234
Interest Receivable		_						336,176
Prepaid Items		319,945		1,029,906		24,461		28,873
•		319,945		, ,		,		20,0/3
Due from Primary Government				2,318,950		26,292		
Due from Other Governmental Units		3,126,945		2,004,902		142,237		505
Due from Component Units		377,203		-		-		-
Net Pension Asset		-		406,816		-		-
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,756,259		-		374,694		552,062
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized		15,652,486		5,843,595		1,004,898		2,321,364
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		99,045,664		17,703,719		26,628,237		15,908,055
Total Assets	\$	180,684,932	\$	38,983,297	\$	36,369,554	\$	47,225,848
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charges on Refunding	\$	103,016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension Related Items		2,677,303		9,411,146		421,899		-
OPEB Related Items		443,935		2,046,915		62,370		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,224,254	\$	11,458,061	\$	484,269	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	2,042,244	\$	956,778	\$	480,697	\$	38,173
Accrued Wages		805,625		4,274,240		132,564		
Customer Deposits		· -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		189,054		19,017
Accrued Interest Payable		574,448		-		18,910		12,328
Due to Component Units		2,345,242		-		-		-
Due to Primary Government		-		127,203		505		250,000
Cash held for others		-		-		-		533,045
Unearned Revenue		91,793		1,262,788		-		16,440
Long-Term Liabilities:		,		.,,				,
Due Within One Year		5,238,905		1,411,589		470,990		3,325,460
Due in More Than One Year		45,661,569		35,859,754		11,825,469		27,665,514
Total Liabilities	\$	56,759,826	\$	43,892,352	\$	13,118,189	\$	31,859,977
DEFENDED INITIOWS OF DESCRIPCES								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	44 (00 1/0	,		,		<u></u>	
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	11,603,140	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 4 000 504
Lease Related Items		130,395				-		1,009,586
Pension Related Items		1,230,920		3,421,760		204,528		-
OPEB Related Items		565,476		1,548,954		106,929		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	13,529,931	\$	4,970,714	\$	311,457	\$	1,009,586
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	71,941,971	\$	22,855,286	\$	17,109,916	\$	13,395,821
Restricted		5,423,498		510,672		374,694		-
Unrestricted (Deficit)		36,253,960		(21,787,666)		5,939,567		960,464
Total Net Position	\$	113,619,429	\$	1,578,292	\$	23,424,177	\$	14,356,285

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	1		0							Changes in Net Position	Net Posit	nor		
		Charges	٠	Operating Grants and	ق	Capital Grants and	Primar	Primary Government		School	2 4	Component Units		Fronomic Development
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	ଧା	Contributions)	Contributions	3	Activities		Board	₹	Authority		Authority
Primary Government:														
Governmental Activities:								31.0						
General Government Administration	7,405,983	75,640	^	420,004	n		^	(354,6/4)						
Judicial Administration	7/6,000,7	70,'611		1,420,631				(1,322,109)						
Public Safety	18,789,923	1,501,569		4,737,233				(12,551,121)						
Public Works	6,125,638	63,363		17,867				(6,044,408)						
Health and Welfare	10,997,833			7,830,717				(3,167,116)						
Education	18,653,498							(18,653,498)						
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	3,255,786	239,731		268,255				(2,747,800)						
Community Development	10.569,082			2,000,000		24.585.000		16.015,918						
Interest on long-term debt	1,431,288							(1.431,288)						
Total Primary Government	\$ 74.087.603	\$ 2.016.055	\$	17.230.392	\$	24.585.000	Ş	(30.256,156)						
Component Units:	\$ 61 130 213	1 150 846	U	40 330 843	U	,			v	(10 030 624)	v		U	,
Public Society Authority			•	47,337,043	٠	488 377			٠	(10,737,024)	٠	106 230	•	
rubit, service Authority Fronomic Develonment Authority	7 878 984	7,000,460		19 800		561 046						655,001		(75 877 3)
ECONOMIC Development Authority	1,070,984	ľ		000,41		301,040								(0),(0)
Total Component Units	\$ 79,366,810	\$ 12,346,137	v	49,359,643	v	1,049,418			υ	(10,939,624)	S	106,339	s	(5,778,327)
	General Revenues:													
	General Property Taxes						s	39,036,235	s		s		s	٠
	Local Sales and Use Taxes	axes						4.902.946						•
	Consumers' Utility Taxes	xes.						692,969						•
	Cigarette Tax							501,584						•
	Business Licenses							1,036,058						•
	Consumption Taxes							102,063		•		•		•
	Motor Vehicle Licenses	es						616,782		•		•		•
	Bank Stock Taxes							8,083		•		•		
	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	n and Wills						251,345						•
	Hotel and Motel Room Taxes	m Taxes						560,797						•
	Restaurant Food Taxes	es						2,090,751						•
	Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money	rom Use of Money						2.535.802		101.742		170.972		24.648
	Miscellaneous							1.295,467		59.870		323,748		102,620
	Dayments from Drimary Government	Government						, (c(.		16 368 180		2 '		6 301 925
	Grants and Contributions Not Bestricted to Coorific Drograms	overnment	acific Dr	guera				2 302 701		00,000				4,100,0
	Gialles and Contribution	is not restricted to 3	hecii ic M	ograms			ļ	7,392,291	ļ	47 520 702	·		·	. 00, 00,
	lotal General Revenues and	ues and special Items					۸,	56,026,1/3	<u>۸</u>	16,529,792	<u>۸</u>	494,720	^	6,429,193
	Change in Net Position						^	25,770,017	٨	5,590,168	^	601,059	Λ	650,866
	Net Position - Beginning						,	87,849,412		(4,011,876)		22,823,118	,	13,705,419
	Net Position - Ending						v	113 619 429	,	1 578 797	,	73 474 177	v	14 356 285

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	<u>General</u>	School CIP Fund	County CIP Fund	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,404,575	\$ 524,906	\$ 11,456,808	\$ 39,386,289
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):				
Taxes	14,744,485	-	-	14,744,485
Other Local Taxes and Fees	643,086	-	-	643,086
Accounts	133,369	-	-	133,369
Loans	15,972	-	-	15,972
Leases	134,585	-	-	134,585
Opioid Settlement	1,761,414	-	-	1,761,414
Due from Other Funds	60,438	294,412	-	354,850
Due from Other Governmental Units	3,126,945	-	-	3,126,945
Prepaid items	182,869	-	31,340	214,209
Due from Component Units	250,000	-	-	250,000
Restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,756,259	-	1,756,259
Total Assets	\$ 48,457,738	\$ 2,575,577	\$ 11,488,148	\$ 62,521,463
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,038,642	\$ -	\$ 443,491	\$ 1,482,133
Accrued Wages	756,671	-	-	756,671
Due to Other Funds	173,622	-	181,228	354,850
Due to Component Units	2,344,556	-	-	2,344,556
Unearned Revenue	91,793	-	-	91,793
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,405,284	\$ -	\$ 624,719	\$ 5,030,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 14,933,915	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,933,915
Unavailable Revenue - Opioid Settlement	1,761,414	-	-	1,761,414
Lease Related Items	130,395	-	-	130,395
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 16,825,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,825,724
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable	\$ 182,869	\$ -	\$ 31,340	\$ 214,209
Restricted	1,086,507	2,575,577	-	3,662,084
Committed	-	-	10,832,089	10,832,089
Assigned	2,684,250	-	-	2,684,250
Unassigned	23,273,104	-	-	23,273,104
Total Fund Balances	\$ 27,226,730	\$ 2,575,577	\$ 10,863,429	\$ 40,665,736
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 48,457,738	\$ 2,575,577	\$ 11,488,148	\$ 62,521,463

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 40,665,736
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 15,652,486	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	 99,045,664	114,698,150
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 3,330,775	
Unavailable Revenue - Opioid Settlement	1,761,414	
Loans Receivable	 263,867	5,356,056
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,		
such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.		
The assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal		
service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		2,946,551
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ 2,677,303	
OPEB related items	 443,935	3,121,238
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ (38,545,000)	
Literary Loans	(1,469,153)	
Lease Revenue Notes	(4,092,409)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(223,391)	
Unamortized Bond Discounts	311,628	
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs	(318,979)	
Lease Liabilities	(261,308)	
Subscription Liabilities	(60,909)	
Net Pension Liability	(2,634,184)	
Net OPEB Liabilities	(1,819,009)	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	103,016	
Compensated Absences	(1,787,760)	
Accrued Interest Payable	 (574,448)	(51,371,906)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ (1,230,920)	
OPEB related items	 (565,476)	(1,796,396)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 113,619,429

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund		<u>Total</u>
General Property Taxes	\$	38,855,885	ς	_	\$	_	\$	38,855,885
Other Local Taxes	4	10,766,378	Y	_	7	_	7	10,766,378
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		147,648		_		-		147,648
Fines and Forfeitures		108,171		_		-		108,171
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		2,536,538		94,434		-		2,630,972
Charges for Services		1,665,066				-		1,665,066
Miscellaneous		361,929		141,669		33,819		537,417
Recovered Costs		1,980,935		-		8,007		1,988,942
Intergovernmental		19,622,683		_		-		19,622,683
Total Revenues	\$	76,045,233	\$	236,103	\$	41,826	\$	76,323,162
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	3,793,591	\$	-	\$	323,841	\$	4,117,432
Judicial Administration		2,573,897		-		41,662		2,615,559
Public Safety		16,676,946		-		794,541		17,471,487
Public Works		3,310,476		-		2,460,261		5,770,737
Health and Welfare		10,560,641		-		8,803		10,569,444
Education		16,558,613		-		-		16,558,613
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		2,654,442		-		581,261		3,235,703
Community Development		9,673,161		-		652,913		10,326,074
Non-Departmental		8,388		-		-		8,388
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		3,617,592		-		54,536		3,672,128
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,570,557		-		7,640		1,578,197
Total Expenditures	\$	70,998,304	\$	-	\$	4,925,458	\$	75,923,762
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	5,046,929	\$	236,103	\$	(4,883,632)	\$	399,400
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	524,906	\$	7,691,173	\$	8,216,079
Transfers Out		(9,310,231)		-		-		(9,310,231)
Issuance of Leases Payable		42,357		-		-		42,357
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_\$	(9,267,874)	\$	524,906	\$	7,691,173	\$	(1,051,795)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(4,220,945)	\$	761,009	\$	2,807,541	\$	(652,395)
Fund Balance - Beginning		31,447,675		1,814,568		8,055,888		41,318,131
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	27,226,730	\$	2,575,577	\$	10,863,429	\$	40,665,736

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
different because.		
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ (652,395)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Detail of items supporting these adjustments is as follows:		
Capital outlays	\$ 3,974,521	
Depreciation and amortization expenses	 (4,982,878)	(1,008,357)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales,		
trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.		
Contributions of assets		24,585,000
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 180,350	
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	780,548	039,400
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans	 (22,498)	938,400
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current		
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal		
of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of		
governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar		
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and		
amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these		
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Debt issued or incurred:	(40.057)	
Lease liabilities	\$ (42,357)	
Principal repayments:	2,355,000	
General obligation bonds Literary loans	468,971	
Lease liabilities	100,737	
Subscription liabilities	22,030	
Lease revenue notes	725,390	
Decrease (increase) in estimated liability:	ŕ	
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs	 (10,190)	3,619,581
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Changes in OPEB related items	\$ 79,572	
Changes in pension related items	117,167	
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	10,179	
(Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable	53,967	
Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding	(34,339)	
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	 127,281	353,827
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The		
net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with		
governmental activities.		(2,066,039)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 25,770,017
		 25,770,017

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

		th Insurance remiums <u>Fund</u>	Te Ga Com	formation chnology, rage, and munication vice Fund		otal Internal rvice Funds
ASSETS Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,206,059	\$	_	\$	3,206,059
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	Į.	3,200,037	Ý		,	3,200,037
Accounts Receivable		-		117,304		117,304
Prepaid Items		-		105,736		105,736
Due from Component Units		-		127,203		127,203
Total Assets	\$	3,206,059	\$	350,243	\$	3,556,302
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	40,974	\$	31,044	\$	72,018
Accrued Wages		-		48,954		48,954
Due to Component Units		-		686		686
IBNR Payable		488,093		-		488,093
Total Liabilities	\$	529,067	\$	80,684	\$	609,751
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted	\$	2,676,992	\$	269,559	\$	2,946,551
Total Net Position	\$	2,676,992	\$	269,559	\$	2,946,551

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Health Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication <u>Service Fund</u>		Total Internal <u>Service Funds</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services:						
Information Technology Charges	\$	-	\$	515,272	\$	515,272
Garage Charges		-		2,090,636		2,090,636
Communication Charges		-		127,736		127,736
Other Revenues:						
Miscellaneous		-		33,288		33,288
Insurance Premiums		9,211,751		-		9,211,751
Total Operating Revenues	\$	9,211,751	\$	2,766,932	\$	11,978,683
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Information Technology	\$	-	\$	955,650	\$	955,650
Central Garage		-		2,746,375		2,746,375
Communications		-		126,136		126,136
Insurance Claims and Expenses		11,302,597		-		11,302,597
Miscellaneous		-		8,116		8,116
Total Operating Expenses	\$	11,302,597	\$	3,836,277	\$	15,138,874
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,090,846)	\$	(1,069,345)	\$	(3,160,191)
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	1,094,152	\$	1,094,152
Change in Net Position	\$	(2,090,846)	\$	24,807	\$	(2,066,039)
Net Position - Beginning		4,767,838		244,752		5,012,590
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,676,992	\$	269,559	\$	2,946,551

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Нє	Health Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund		Total Internal <u>Service Funds</u>
Charges to County Department and other organizations	\$		\$	2,720,966	\$	2,720,966
Other receipts (payments)	ş	-	Ş	33,288	Ş	33,288
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		-		(3,848,406)		(3,848,406)
Receipts for insurance premiums		9,211,751		(3,646,400)		9,211,751
Payments for insurance premiums		(11,689,038)				(11,689,038)
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Ś	(2,477,287)	\$	(1,094,152)	\$	(3,571,439)
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	-	(2,477,207)		(1,074,132)	-	(3,371,437)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds	\$	-	\$	1,094,152	\$	1,094,152
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(2,477,287)	\$	-	\$	(2,477,287)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	\$	5,683,346	\$	-	\$	5,683,346
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	3,206,059	\$		\$	3,206,059
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,090,846)	\$	(1,069,345)	_\$_	(3,160,191)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		-		(16,207)		(16,207)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		53,151		53,151
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		-		1,755		1,755
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Component Units		-		(49,622)		(49,622)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	\$	(55,361)	\$	(21,615)	\$	(76,976)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages		-		7,731		7,731
Increase (Decrease) in IBNR Payable		(331,080)		•		(331,080)
Total Adjustments	\$	(386,441)	\$	(24,807)	\$	(411,248)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	(2,477,287)	\$	(1,094,152)	\$	(3,571,439)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 263,919	
NET POSITION		
Restricted:		
Special Welfare	\$ 34,014	
Performance Bond	133,370	
Employee Flexible Benefits	96,535	
Total net position	\$ 263,919	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Expenditure reimbursement	\$	31,804	
Support enforcements		16,524	
Benefits reimbursements		32,376	
Total contributions	\$ 	80,704	
Total additions	\$ _	80,704	
DEDUCTIONS			
Special welfare payments	\$	43,757	
Refund bonds		13,308	
Flexible benefits		28,032	
Banking fees		89	
Total deductions	\$ _	85,186	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(4,482)	
Net position, beginning		268,401	
Net position, ending	\$ _	263,919	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer, and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

The <u>Pulaski County Economic Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for economic development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Economic Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Economic Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

The County along with the Counties of Carroll, Bland, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County paid \$2,319,102 for the confinement of prisoners.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

The County and the Counties of Montgomery, Giles, Floyd, and the City of Radford participate in supporting New River Valley Community Services (NRVCS). The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$117,000 to NRVCS for the current year.

The County along with Counties in the surrounding area participate in supporting the New River Valley Juvenile Detention Home (NRVJDH). The County contributed \$206,024 to the NRVJDH for the current year.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

The School CIP fund is reported as one of the County's major *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County CIP fund is reported as one of the County's major *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Flexible Benefits Funds are reported as custodial funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major funds:

The School Operating Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

The School Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for and reports all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the individual schools.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash consists of unspent bond proceeds.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$3,449,232 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised of \$887,778 in real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years and \$2,561,454 for unpaid ambulance services.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the government constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease and subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit - School Board, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Building and Improvements	20-40
Infrastructure	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	4-30
Lease assets - Machinery and Equipment	3-5
Lease assets - Building and Improvements	6
Subscription asset	3-5

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Another item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, leases, and opioid settlement are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

14. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment:
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The County's highest decision-making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

15. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

16. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)
 - 16. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (continued)

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor) or lease liability (lessee).

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure, the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor), the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable, lease liability or subscription liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund, as applicable. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.
- B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

Expenditures exceeded appropriations for the School Board Governor's School fund during fiscal year 2024.

C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2024, there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)

		Net	: Asset Value	
Investment Type	Fair Value		(NAV)	1 Year
LGIP	\$ 127,309	\$	-	\$ 127,309
SNAP	1,756,259		-	1,756,259
VML/VACo Investment Pool	-		3,440,646	3,440,646
Total	\$ 1,883,568	\$	3,440,646	\$ 5,324,214

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Ratings
	 AAAm
LGIP	\$ 127,309
SNAP	1,756,259
VML/VACo Investment Pool	3,440,646
Total	\$ 5,324,214

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Redemption Restrictions

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdraw funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary	Component Unit-			
	Government		School Board			
Local governments:						
Town of Dublin	\$	203,853	\$	-		
City of Radford		39,320		-		
Town of Pulaski		104,225		-		
Commonwealth of Virginia:						
State sales tax		856,480		945,948		
Communication sales tax		84,487		-		
Other taxes		47,584		-		
Categorical aid-shared expenses		358,876		-		
Categorical aid-other		168,904		-		
Categorical aid-VPA funds		176,314		-		
Categorical aid-CSA funds		666,520		-		
Federal Government:						
Categorical aid-VPA funds		265,344		-		
Categorical aid-other		155,038		1,058,954		
Totals	\$	3,126,945	\$	2,004,902		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund/Unit	Due from			Due to		
Primary Government internal balances:						
General Fund	\$	60,438	\$	173,622		
County CIP Fund		-		181,228		
School CIP Fund		294,412		-		
Subtotal Primary Government internal balances	\$	354,850	\$	354,850		
Primary Government and Component Units balances:						
Primary Government		377,203		2,345,242		
School Operating Fund		2,318,950		127,203		
Economic Development Authority		505		250,000		
Public Service Authority		26,292		505		
Total	\$	3,077,800	\$	3,077,800		
	T	ransfers in	Tr	ansfers out		
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	9,310,231		
County CIP Fund		7,691,173		-		
School CIP Fund		524,906		-		
Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund		1,094,152		-		
Total	\$	9,310,231	\$	9,310,231		
Component Unit - School Board:						
School Operating Fund	\$	_	\$	281,655		
School Activity Fund	ب	281,655	ڔ	201,033		
Total	\$	281,655	\$	281,655		
ισιαι	ب —	201,033	٠ —	201,033		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024.

			I	ncreases/		Decreases/		
	Begi	nning Balance	Issuances		Retirements		Ending Balance	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:								
General obligation bonds	\$	3,220,000	\$	-	\$	410,000	\$	2,810,000
Literary loans		1,938,124		-		468,971		1,469,153
Lease revenue notes		4,817,799		-		725,390		4,092,409
Unamortized bond premiums		100,227		-		19,444		80,783
General obligation bonds		37,680,000		-		1,945,000		35,735,000
Unamortized bond premiums		279,231		-		136,623		142,608
Unamortized bond discounts		(340,414)		-		(28,786)		(311,628)
Lease liabilities		319,688		42,357		100,737		261,308
Subscription liabilities		82,939		-		22,030		60,909
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		308,789		10,190		-		318,979
Net OPEB liabilities		1,916,579		463,603		561,173		1,819,009
Net pension liability		642,417		7,517,505		5,525,738		2,634,184
Compensated absences		1,797,939		1,338,275		1,348,454		1,787,760
Total	\$	52,763,318	\$	9,371,930	\$	11,234,774	\$	50,900,474

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Di	rect Borrowing	s and F	Placements		General Obli	igation Bonds		
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Interest Principal			Interest	
2025		1,662,781		275,595		2,045,000		1,146,018	
2026		1,710,415		221,300		2,145,000		1,043,768	
2027		1,772,396		164,586		2,220,000		968,693	
2028		1,289,037		105,582		2,290,000		902,093	
2029		1,006,529		59,179		2,355,000		833,393	
2030-2034		930,404		43,220		12,885,000		3,063,118	
2035-2038		-		-		11,795,000		962,443	
Totals	\$	8,371,562	\$	869,462	\$	35,735,000	\$	8,919,526	

Year Ending	Lease Li	abilitie	es	Subscription Liabilities					
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2025	91,477		11,738		22,806		1,471		
2026	75,648		7,381		23,609		997		
2027	68,649		3,679		14,494		507		
2028	18,543		1,371		-		-		
2029	6,991		289		-		-		
Totals	\$ 261,308	\$	24,458	\$	60,909	\$	2,975		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

S S	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Dı	Amount ue Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:	- Nates	Dute			Activities	_	- real
General obligation bonds (B):							
GO bond	3.175-4.05%	1/13/2010	2030	7,465,000	\$ 2,810,000	\$	425,000
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	1/13/2010	2030	40,136	11,035	·	2,007
Total general obligation bonds				,	\$ 2,821,035	\$	427,007
						<u> </u>	
Literary loans:	0.00%	E 10 100 11	200=		.		104 =04
Literary loan	2.00%	5/2/2016	2027	4,987,173	\$ 1,469,153	\$	481,706
Lease revenue notes:							
School lease revenue note	5.10%	5/15/2008	2029	5,255,000	\$ 1,855,000	\$	335,000
Lease revenue note (A)	2.47-3.25%	12/6/2013	2027	321,054	88,226		28,686
Lease revenue note (A)	2.37%	6/15/2016	2028	3,443,000	1,258,000		303,400
Landfill sewer line revenue note	3.30%	3/5/2014	2034	1,842,628	891,183		88,989
Subtotal lease revenue notes					\$ 4,092,409	\$	756,075
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	5/15/2008	2029	348,754	69,748		17,437
Total lease revenue notes					\$ 4,162,157	\$	773,512
Total Direct Borrowings and Placemer	nts				\$ 8,452,345	\$	1,682,225
General obligation bonds (B):							
GO bond	3.00-5.00%	3/1/2018	2038	46,240,000	\$ 35,735,000	\$	2,045,000
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	3/1/2018	2029	1,739,614	142,608		85,363
Unamortized bond discount	n/a	3/1/2018	2038	(484,342)	(311,628)		(28,786)
Total general obligation bonds					\$ 35,565,980	\$	2,101,577
I I inhiliai							
Lease Liabilities:	7 530/	42 /4 /2040	2024	20.254	ć 2,870	,	2.070
Vehicle 1	7.53%	12/1/2019	2024	29,354	\$ 2,870	\$	2,870
Vehicle 2 Vehicle 3	7.46% 7.46%	12/1/2019 12/1/2019	2024 2024	29,402	2,871		2,871
Vehicle 4	7.46%	12/1/2019	2024	29,402 29,402	2,871		2,871 2,871
Vehicle 5	7.46%	12/1/2019	2024	29,402	2,871 2,871		2,871
Vehicle 6	6.97%	9/1/2020	2024	28,271	7,458		6,355
Vehicle 7	7.10%	4/1/2021	2026	25,635	9,961		5,540
Vehicle 8	10.75%	2/1/2022	2027	26,513	15,317		5,433
Vehicle 9	8.13%	1/1/2022	2026	31,019	16,960		6,375
Vehicle 10	10.90%	3/6/2024	2029	42,357	39,829		6,925
Building 1	3.00%	9/1/2021	2028	274,350	157,429		46,495
Total lease liabilities	3.0070	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2020	2, 1,550	\$ 261,308	\$	91,477
Total lease masheles						<u> </u>	
Subscription Liabilities:							
Rave Mobile Safety	3.50%	7/1/2022	2026	36595	\$ 18,882	\$	9,276
King Moore	3.50%	12/1/2022	2027	70101	42,027		13,530
Total subscription liabilities					\$ 60,909	\$	22,806
Other obligations:							
Landfill post-closure monitoring co	st n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 318,979	\$	-
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,819,009		-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,634,184		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,787,760		1,340,820
Total other obligations					\$ 6,559,932	\$	1,340,820
Totals					\$ 50,900,474	\$	5,238,905
(A)							

⁽A) In the event of default, the entire unpaid principal and interest may be declared as due and payable.

⁽B) In the event of default, the Commonwealth can withhold funding and apply a sufficient portion of the amount withheld to the defaulted principal and interest.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7- Long-Term Obligations - Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Long-term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	 Beginning Balance	Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance
Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability (A) Compensated absences	\$ 8,395,137 23,983,340 1,811,468	\$ 1,920,228 13,268,903 1,429,251	\$ 1,761,779 10,416,604 1,358,601	\$ 8,553,586 26,835,639 1,882,118
Total	\$ 34,189,945	\$ 16,618,382	\$ 13,536,984	\$ 37,271,343

⁽A) Non-Instructional is a net pension asset as of June 30, 2024; therefore, ending balance is not reported above.

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Go	Balance overnmental Activities	Due	nount Within e Year
Other obligations:								
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	8,553,586	\$	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		26,835,639		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,882,118	1,4	411,589
Total other obligations					\$	37,271,343	\$ 1,4	411,589

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County of Pulaski and the PSA's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 9.11% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$1,385,866 and \$1,242,091 for the County and \$202,170 and \$199,160 for the PSA for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2024, the County and PSA reported a liability (asset) of \$2,634,184 and \$422,373, respectively, for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County and PSA's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. In order to allocate the net pension liability (asset) to all employers included in the plan, the County and PSA are required to determine their proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the County's proportion was 86.5672% and 85.3120%, respectively. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the PSA's proportion was 12.6284% and 13.9183%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Pulaski and PSA's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County of Pulaski's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contribution by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% and 112%, respectively, of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County and PSA's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the						
County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,633,428	\$	2,634,184	\$	(3,992,631)
PSA's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,704,999	\$	422,373	\$	(640,192)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and PSA recognized pension expense of \$1,345,772 and \$209,181, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the County and PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Component Unit

	Primary Government			Component Unit Pulaski County PSA				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources			rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,291,437	\$	341,232	\$	207,073	\$	55,671
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		884,406		-		148,857
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions				5,282		12,656		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,385,866		-		202,170		-
Total	\$	2,677,303	\$	1,230,920	\$	421,899	\$	204,528

\$1,385,866 and \$202,170 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary		Com	ponent Unit Pulaski
	Year Ended June 30	C	Government		County PSA
-	2025	\$	(309,737)	\$	(42,389)
	2026		(458,447)		(76,997)
	2027		799,990		129,983
	2028		28,711		4,604

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	96
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	20
Non-vested members	84
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	31
Total inactive members	135
Active members	91
Total covered employees	322

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 4.21% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$100,280 and \$98,639 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) (continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) (NPLA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Component School Board (Nonprofessional)						
	_	Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total	Plan		Net			
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	12,361,649	\$_	13,034,063	\$	(672,414)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	245,647	\$	-	\$	245,647		
Interest		827,709		-		827,709		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		235,630		-		235,630		
Contributions - employer		-		98,322		(98,322)		
Contributions - employee		-		126,733		(126,733)		
Net investment income		-		826,452		(826,452)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(689,873)		(689,873)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(8,450)		8,450		
Other changes		-		331		(331)		
Net changes	\$	619,113	\$	353,515	\$	265,598		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	12,980,762	\$	13,387,578	\$	(406,816)		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		nt 1% Increase	
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,149,583	\$	(406,816)	\$	(1,789,767)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$(24,251). At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board				
		(Nonprof	al)		
	D	eferred			
	Ou	tflows of	Deferred Inflov		
	Re	esources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	108,262	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		216,742	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		100,280		-	
Total	\$	208,542	\$	216,742	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$100,280 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Com	ponent Unit			
Year Ended	Sc	hool Board			
June 30	Nonprofessiona				
2025	\$	(44,960)			
2026		(259,700)			
2027		188,703			
2028		7,477			

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$4,274,549 and \$4,191,222 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Contributions (continued)

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the School Board's operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$26,835,639 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.2655% as compared to 0.2519% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,554,916. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (Professional)				
		Deferred		_	
	0	utflows of	Deferred Inflow		
	F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	2,305,204	\$	1,047,241	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,744,858	
Change in assumptions		1,216,554		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		1,406,297		412,919	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		4,274,549			
Total	\$	9,202,604	\$	3,205,018	

\$4,274,549 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit					
Year Ended	School Board					
June 30	Professional					
2025	\$	(416,925)				
2026		(1,163,615)				
2027		2,554,500				
2028		749,077				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	57,574,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ _	10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	_	
of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1% Decrease (Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS	-					
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net						
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	47,570,017	\$	26,835,639	\$	9,790,275

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Units

Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government								Component Unit Pulaski County PSA							
						Net Pension								Net Pension			
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension	
		Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)		Expense		Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)		Expense	
VRS Pension Plans:	-		_		_												
Primary Government	\$	2,677,303	\$	1,230,920	\$	2,634,184 \$;	1,345,772	\$	- \$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA		-		-		-		-		421,899		204,528		422,373		209,181	
Totals	\$	2,677,303	\$	1,230,920	\$	2,634,184 \$; -	1,345,772	\$	421,899 \$	_	204,528	\$	422,373	\$	209,181	
			_		•		-										
			C	omponent Un	it :	School Board											
						Net Pension											
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension									
		Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)		Expense									
VRS Pension Plans:	-		_		-		_										
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	208,542	\$	216,742	\$	(406,816) \$,	(24,251)									
School Board Professional		9,202,604		3,205,018		26,835,639		2,554,916									
Totals	\$	9,411,146	\$	3,421,760	\$	26,428,823 \$;	2,530,665									

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the County and School Board administer the Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the County of Pulaski, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's and School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action.

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County, PSA and School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$48,357, \$5,306, and \$168,737, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2024, the County, PSA, and School Board reported a liability of \$1,065,400, \$116,900 and \$3,717,600 respectively, for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the County's proportion was 21.74% and 24.13%, respectively, the PSA's proportion was 2.39% and 2.62%, respectively, and the School Board's proportion was 75.87% and 73.25%, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Discount Rate	3.86%
	County and School: 6.50% for fiscal year end 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Scale	2.50%

RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on July 1, 2023 valuation data. The methods, assumptions, and participant data used can be found in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation report.

Discount Rate

The discount rate has been set equal to 3.86% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of the measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, PSA, and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69%) or one percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate						
	15	1% Decrease		rent Discount	1	% Increase	
	•	(2.69%)		(3.69%)		(4.69%)	
Proportionate share of the healthcare total OPEB liability: County	\$	1,168,224	\$	1,065,400	\$	971,621	
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$	128,182	\$	116,900	\$	106,610	
Component Unit School Board	\$	4,076,394	\$	3,717,600	\$	3,390,369	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, PSA, and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Rate					
	19	% Decrease	Cı	rrent Trend	1	% Increase
Proportionate share of the healthcare total OPEB liability:						
County	\$	934,897	\$	1,065,400	\$	1,219,451
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$	102,581	\$	116,900	\$	133,803
Component Unit School Board	\$	3,262,222	\$	3,717,600	\$	4,255,146

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County, PSA, and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$35,800, (\$18,500) and \$289,400, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County, PSA and School Board reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

		Primary Government			Component Unit	laski County PSA	Component Unit School Board			
	ī	Deferred Outflows	D	eferred Inflows of	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	Deferred Outflows	D	Deferred Inflows of
		of Resources		Resources	of Resources		Resources	of Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,900	\$	247,400	\$ 1,900	\$	69,500	\$ 457,000	\$	345,700
Changes in assumptions		126,900		212,500	16,400		20,500	364,500		566,200
Employer contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date		48,357		-	5,306		-	168,737		-
Total	\$	194,157	\$_	459,900	\$ 23,606	\$	90,000	\$ 990,237	\$_	911,900

\$48,357, \$5,306, and \$168,737 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County's, PSA's, and Component Unit School Board's, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as reduction of the Total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	F	Primary		ponent Unit	Component Unit				
June 30	Gov	Government		ki County PSA	School Board				
2025	\$	(75,100)	\$	(30,400)	\$	(30,900)			
2026		(81,900)		(19,900)		(18,100)			
2027		(74,800)		(12,900)		(23,600)			
2028		(40,300)		(3,100)		(17,500)			
2029		(26,900)		(3,200)		(3,700)			
Thereafter		(15,100)		(2,200)		3,400			

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% ($1.34\% \times 60\%$) and the employer component was 0.54% ($1.34\% \times 40\%$). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$89,107 and \$79,911 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA were \$13,002 and \$12,816 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) were \$16,157 and \$15,221 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (Professional) were \$146,666 and \$143,111 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entities did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$753,609 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA reported a liability of \$120,836 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$143,558 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (Professional) reported a liability of \$1,349,348 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.06284% as compared to 0.06226% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA's proportion was 0.01008% as compared to 0.01016% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) proportion was 0.01197% as compared to 0.01150% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (Professional) proportion was 0.11251% as compared to 0.10816% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$56,837. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$9,113. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$5,144. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component-Unit School Board (Professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$44,012. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary G	overn	ment		Component Coun	Unit P ty PSA		Cor	nponent Un (Nonprof			Cor	nponent Un (Profes		
	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred oflows of esources	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Inf	eferred lows of sources	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Int	eferred flows of esources	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected																
and actual experience	\$	75,268	\$	22,876	\$	12,068	\$	3,668	\$	14,338	\$	4,358	\$	134,767	\$	40,960
Change in assumptions		16,108		52,213		2,583		8,372		3,069		9,946		28,843		93,488
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB																
plan investments		-		30,284		-		4,856		-		5,769		-		54,224
Changes in proportionate share		69,295		203		11,111		33		8,298		4,871		68,742		42,922
Employer contributions subsequent																
to the measurement date		89,107		-		13,002		-		16,157		-		146,666		-
Total	\$	249,778	\$	105,576	\$	38,764	\$	16,929	\$	41,862	\$	24,944	\$	379,018	\$	231,594

\$89,107, \$13,002, \$16,157, and \$146,666 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component Unit Pulaski County PSA's, Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)'s, and Component-Unit School Board (Professional)'s, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit-						
		Component Unit	School Board	Component Unit-				
Year Ended	Primary	Pulaski County	(Non-	School Board				
June 30	Government	PSA	professional)	(Professional)				
2025 \$	15,454 \$	2,477 \$	(1,125) \$	(18,667)				
2026	(11,700)	(1,876)	(5,844)	(54,907)				
2027	29,199	4,682	3,220	35,369				
2028	13,777	2,209	2,118	16,581				
2029	8,365	1,341	2,392	22,382				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

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Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.	
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified	
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed	
	final retirement age from 65 to 70	
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age	
	and service to rates based on service only to better fit	
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top	
	10 Hazardous Duty	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	·	2,707,739
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
Proportionate share of the	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1%	Increase
GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability:		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		7.75%)
County	\$	1,117,086	\$	753,609	\$	459,739
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$	179,117	\$	120,836	\$	73,715
Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)	\$	212,798	\$	143,558	\$	87,577
Component Unit-School Board (Professional)	\$	2,000,155	\$	1,349,348	\$	823,166

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$328,641 and \$320,674 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The School Board did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$3,219,826 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.26580% as compared to 0.25240% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$225,413. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ - \$	141,721
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	1,616	-
Change in assumptions	74,952	3,245
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions	184,122	128,546
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	328,641	
Total	\$ 589,331 \$	273,512

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HICOPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$328,641 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Υ	ear Ended June 30	_	
	2025	\$	(35,373)
	2026		(23,494)
	2027		2,463
	2028		11,060
	2029		16,749
	Thereafter		15,773

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan	
	_	Of ED Flair	
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,475,471	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		264,054	
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$_	1,211,417	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%	

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	19	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	19	% Increase
		(5.75%)	•	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate						
share of the VRS Teacher						
Employee HIC OPEB Plan						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	3,641,983	\$	3,219,826	\$	2,862,085

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	2
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	32
Total inactive members	34
Active members Total covered employees	90

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.01% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board to the HIC Plan were \$30,055 and \$28,316 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future
	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed
	final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age
	and service to rates based on service only to better fit
Withdrawat Nates	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Target Asset	Arithmetic Long-term Expected	Weighted Average Long-term Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	cic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)							
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	291,771 \$	32,700	\$	259,071				
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	2,288 \$	-	\$	2,288				
Interest		19,556	-		19,556				
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		(126,665)	-		(126,665)				
Contributions - employer		-	28,315		(28, 315)				
Net investment income		-	2,765		(2,765)				
Benefit payments		(8,677)	(8,677)		-				
Administrative expenses		-	(84)		84				
Net changes	\$	(113,498) \$	22,319	\$	(135,817)				
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	178,273 \$	55,019	\$	123,254				

Sensitivity of the Component Unit School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Data

		Rate									
	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	,	1% Increase					
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)						
Component Unit School Board's	•										
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	142,986	\$	123,254	\$	106,569					

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of (\$9,551). At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	107,004
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		576		-
Change in assumptions		15,836		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		30,055	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	46,467	\$	107,004

\$30,055 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (28,612)
2026	(29,533)
2027	(30,596)
2028	(1,851)

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 13-Aggregate OPEB Information:

	Primary Government									Component Unit Pulaski County PSA						
		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB OPEB		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB		
	_	Outflows		Inflows		Liabilities		Expense		Outflows	Inflows		Liabilities	_	Expense	
VRS Group Life Insurance Plan	\$	249,778	\$	105,576	\$	753,609	\$	56,837	\$	38,764	16,929		120,836		9,113	
County Stand-Alone Plan		194,157		459,900		1,065,400		35,800		23,606	90,000		116,900		(18,500)	
Totals	\$	443,935	\$	565,476	\$	1,819,009	\$	92,637	\$	62,370 \$	106,929	\$	237,736	\$_	(9,387)	
			C	omponent U	nit	School Board										
	-	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB								
		Outflows		Inflows		Liabilities		Expense								
VRS OPEB Plans:	_						-									
Group Life Insurance Plan:																
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	41,862	\$	24,944	\$	143,558	\$	5,144								
School Board Professional		379,018		231,594		1,349,348		44,012								
County Health Insurance Credit Plan		46,467		107,004		123,254		(9,551)								
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan		589,331		273,512		3,219,826		225,413								
County Stand-Alone Plan		990,237		911,900		3,717,600		289,400								
Totals	\$	2,046,915	\$	1,548,954	\$	8,553,586	\$	554,418								

Note 14-Lease Receivable:

The following is a summary of leases receivable transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending		
	Balance	Issuances	Retirements	Balance		
Lease receivable	\$167,187	\$ -	\$ (32,602)	\$ 134,585		

Lease revenue totaled \$34,835 during fiscal year 2024 and lease related interest totaled \$2,285. There are no variable payments for leases receivable.

Details of leases receivable:

	Original					Δ	mount
	Issuance	End	Payment	Discount	Ending	Du	e Within
Lease Description	Date	Date	Frequency	Rate	Balance	0	ne Year
Building lease	4/14/2023	2028	Monthly	1.50%	\$134,585	\$	33,622

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,207,139	\$ 7,515,500	\$ -	\$ 10,722,639
Construction in progress	2,777,182	2,152,665		4,929,847
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,984,321	\$ 9,668,165	\$ -	\$ 15,652,486
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 104,728,767	\$ 18,067,835	\$ -	\$ 122,796,602
Lease buildings and improvements	211,559	-	-	211,559
Machinery and equipment	21,328,164	781,164	-	22,109,328
Lease machinery and equipment	274,350	42,357	-	316,707
Subscription asset	106,696	-	-	106,696
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 126,649,536	\$ 18,891,356	\$ -	\$ 145,540,892
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (25,834,144)	\$ (3,345,105)	\$ -	\$ (29,179,249)
Lease buildings and improvements	(100,227)	(53,400)	-	(153,627)
Machinery and equipment	(15,477,193)	(1,512,598)	-	(16,989,791)
Lease machinery and equipment	(83,557)	(48,543)	-	(132,100)
Subscription asset	(17,229)	(23,232)	-	(40,461)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (41,512,350)	\$ (4,982,878)	\$ -	\$ (46,495,228)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 85,137,186	\$ 13,908,478	\$ -	\$ 99,045,664
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 91,121,507	\$ 23,576,643	\$ -	\$ 114,698,150

During the year, a local business contributed Calfee Park to the County, which resulted in additions of land and buildings and improvements totaling \$1,230,000 and \$9,405,000, respectively. Additionally, the Speedway was donated, which resulted in additions of land and buildings and improvements of \$6,285,500 and \$7,664,500, respectively. Capital contributions totaling \$24,585,000 were based on independently performed appraisals.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 833,240
Judicial administration	8,439
Public safety	1,185,980
Public works	396,250
Health and welfare	20,038
Education	2,094,885
Parks, recreation and cultural	423,185
Community development	20,861
Total depreciation/amorization expense-governmental activities	\$ 4,982,878

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
	Balance Increases		Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Component Unit:	•					
School Board:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	805,063	\$	-	\$ (74,757)	\$ 730,306
Construction in progress		6,913,710		2,052,725	(3,853,146)	5,113,289
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	7,718,773	\$	2,052,725	\$ (3,927,903)	\$ 5,843,595
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	23,263,417	\$	4,077,252	\$ (1,639,702)	\$ 25,700,967
Machinery and equipment		22,548,313		988,476	(193,297)	23,343,492
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	45,811,730	\$	5,065,728	\$ (1,832,999)	\$ 49,044,459
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(16,090,335)	\$	(488,566)	\$ 1,635,402	\$ (14,943,499)
Machinery and equipment		(15,634,666)		(909,252)	146,677	(16,397,241)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(31,725,001)	\$	(1,397,818)	\$ 1,782,079	\$ (31,340,740)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	14,086,729	\$	3,667,910	\$ (50,920)	\$ 17,703,719
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	21,805,502	\$	5,720,635	\$ (3,978,823)	\$ 23,547,314

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 16-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Self-Insurance - The County established a limited risk management program for health insurance in fiscal year 2010. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2024, a total of \$11,302,597 was paid by the County in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$488,093 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the County records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years is as follows:

			C	urrent Year					
	Ва	lance at	C	Claims and			Balance at		
	Beginning of Changes in Claim						End of		
Fiscal Year	Fis	scal Year		Estimates	Payments		Fiscal Year		
				_	'	_			
2023-24	\$	819,173	\$	10,971,517	\$	(11,302,597)	\$	488,093	
2022-23		252,313		10,820,116		(10,253,256)		819,173	
2021-22		252,313		9,113,263		(8,962,236)		403,340	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2024

Note 17-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 18-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Spencer A. Rygas, Clerk of Circuit Court	<u> </u>	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Kim Matthews, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Michael W. Worrell, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VaCo Risk Management Programs		
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United Stated Fidelty and Guaranty		
Jonathan Sweet, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componet Unit - School Board:		
VaCo Risk Management Programs		
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 19-Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989 and is awaiting final postclosure care termination from DEQ. At June 30, 2024, the total post-closure care liability was \$318,979 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2024. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 20-Unearned and Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:

Unearned and unavailable/deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. These amounts consist of the following:

Unearned Revenue - Primary Government:

Unearned Grants - Grant revenue collected by the County and Component Unit School Board for various purposes that has not met the revenue criteria totaled \$91,793 and \$1,262,788, respectively.

		Government-wide Statements		Balance Sheet
	-	Governmental Activities	_	Governmental Funds
Long-term portion of opioid settlement receivable that is not available for funding of current	_			. 7/1
expenditures	۶_	-	۰ ۶ ـ	1,761,414
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures		_		3,330,775
2nd half assessments due after year-end		10,790,832		10,790,832
Prepaid property taxes due after year-end but paid in advance by taxpayers	_	812,308		812,308
Total property taxes	\$_	11,603,140	\$_	14,933,915
Total	\$_	11,603,140	\$ _	16,695,329

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 21-Fund Balance and Net Position Classifications:

	 ieneral Fund	Sch	ool CIP Fund	Coi	unty CIP Fund	Total
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$ 182,869	\$	-	\$	31,340	\$ 214,209
Restricted:						
Commonwealth Attorney Seized						
Assets, State & Federal	\$ 16,626	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,626
Sheriff Seized Assets	38,758		-		-	38,758
Aid to Localities for Fire Programs	86,595		-		-	86,595
Community Corrections Admin Fees	171,831		-		-	171,831
School Construction	-		2,575,577		-	2,575,577
Opioid settlement	772,697		-		-	772,697
Total Restricted	\$ 1,086,507	\$	2,575,577	\$	-	\$ 3,662,084
Committed:						
County Construction	\$ 	\$	-	\$	10,832,089	\$ 10,832,089
Assigned:						
Court Services Unit CE Richardson Grant	\$ 442	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 442
Sheriff I-81 Cooridor Equipment	21,166		-		-	21,166
Sheriff Firing Range	855		-		-	855
Sheriff Concealed Weapons Permits	48,607		-		-	48,607
Sheriff E-Summons	8,650		-		-	8,650
Sheriff Donations	739		-		-	739
Animal Control Donations	35,324		-		-	35,324
Animal Control Spay & Neuter Program	93,711		-		-	93,711
Courthouse Exhibits Grant	1,020		-		-	1,020
Office on Youth Kids Fishing Day	31,605		-		-	31,605
Office on Youth Wounded Warrior	2,850		-		-	2,850
Recreation Donations	5,994		-		-	5,994
Recreation Youth Golf	125,301		-		-	125,301
Library Donations	9,235		-		-	9,235
Library Imagination Station	10,317		-		-	10,317
Transfer to School Operating Fund	1,262,787		-		-	1,262,787
Transfer to School Capital Fund (Unused Schools Funds)	497,554		-		-	497,554
Transfer to School Capital Funds (Cigarette Tax)	28,093		-		-	28,093
Transfer to County Capital Fund (Cigarette Tax)	500,000		-		-	500,000
Total Assigned	\$ 2,684,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,684,250
Unassigned:						
Unassigned	\$ 23,273,104	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 23,273,104
Total Fund Balance	\$ 27,226,730	\$	2,575,577	\$	10,863,429	\$ 40,665,736

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 21-Fund Balance and Net Position Classifications: (Continued)

		Primary		
	Go	overnment	Sch	nool Board
Restricted Net Postion:				
Commonwealth Attorney Seized Assets, State & Federal	\$ 16,626 \$ -			
Sheriff Seized Assets		38,758		-
Aid to Localities for Fire Programs	86,595			
Community Corrections Admin Fees		171,831		-
School Construction		2,575,577		-
Opioid settlement		2,534,111		-
Net pension asset		-		406,816
School Activity Fund		-		103,856
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	5,423,498	\$	510,672

Note 22-Tax Abatement Programs:

A tax abatement consists of "a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of these governments."

Pulaski County has agreements with local companies for the purposes of economic development which conform to that definition. Tax abatements related to various tax types of approximately \$650,000 have been agreed to in aggregate and have various end dates. The companies regularly pay their taxes and on an annual basis prove they have met certain requirements for the grant program on an individual basis. These requirements include new jobs, which is verified by the Virginia Employment Commission, and taxable improvements to real estate or machinery and tools tax. Any company failing to maintain their end of the agreement will forfeit any further abatement requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 23-Commitments and Contingencies:

The County was involved in major construction projects during the fiscal year as presented below, along with the anticipated funding source.

Contract Amount

				Conti	act Amount	
				Ou	tstanding	
Entity	Project	Con	tract Amount	at Ju	ne 30, 2024	Funding Source
Primary Government	County Administration Renovations	\$	2,609,513	\$	759,817	General Funds
Primary Government	County Administration Renovations		133,761		16,135	General Funds
Primary Government	Randolph Park Pool		179,118		98,251	General Funds
School Board	ool Board PCPS HVAC Improvements		3,020,417		26,334	Grant Funding
School Board	SES, CES, DES, PES, RES Secure Vestibule		153,628		93,511	Grant Funding
School Board	SES, CES, DES, PES, RES Secure Vestibule		63,839		44,193	Grant Funding
School Board	SES, CES, DES, PES, RES Secure Vestibule		91,944		60,408	Grant Funding
School Board	SES, CES, DES, PES, RES Secure Vestibule		91,944		49,796	Grant Funding
School Board	SES, CES, DES, PES, RES Secure Vestibule		220,046		125,410	Grant Funding
School Board	PCHS Window and Door Replacement		1,898,588		33,185	Grant Funding

Note 24 - Subsequent Events:

On September 27, 2024, the remnants of Hurricane Helene provided substantial rainfall which resulted in significant flooding in the region surrounding the County. As of the release of these financial statements, the financial impact of the damages and resulting repairs has not been determined.

Note 25-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Part			Budget	Amou	ınts				Variance with
REVENUES General Property Taxes \$ 38,708,000 \$ 39,120,000 \$ 10,766,378 926,485 Other Local Taxes 9,311,800 9,839,893 10,766,378 926,485 Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 136,300 136,300 147,648 11,348 Fines and Forfettuers 330,000 10,602 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 1,665,068 187,746 Miscellaneous 176,525 70,411 361,929 340,482 Recovered Costs 1,393,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental 13,216,478 13,669,138 12,798,710 (870,428) Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 Total Revenues 5 7,292,728 5,045,233 5 3,755,505 EXPENDITURES: Current 3 3,855,076 \$ 3,393,385 \$ 3,993,591 \$ 143,794 General Government Administration 2,385,4									-
General Property Taxes \$ 38,708,000 \$ 39,192,000 \$ 38,855,885 \$ 9,336,815 Other Local Taxes 9,311,800 9,339,893 10,766,378 926,485 Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 133,000 100,962 108,171 1,20,9 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 262,328 620,328 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 165,066 187,46 Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 (340,482) Recovered Costs 1,393,981 13,669,138 12,798,705 6,823,973 1,713,020 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 1,312,16,478 13,669,138 12,798,710 6,823,973 1,713,020 Total Revenues 5,69,232,973 5,72,292,728 5,60,45,233 3,735,505 1,733,455 EVENDITURES: Current Current Current Current Current Current Current Current Current			<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		Pos (Neg)
Other Local Taxes 9,311,800 9,839,893 10,766,378 926,885 Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 136,300 136,300 147,648 11,48 Flies and Forfettuers 33,000 106,62 161,74 1,120 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 620,328 620,328 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 1,665,066 187,746 Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 364,089 Recovered Costs 1,393,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental: 1 13,216,478 13,669,138 12,798,710 (870,428) Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 Total Revenues 5 69,232,973 7,2292,728 76,045,233 3,752,509 EXPENDITURES: Current: C 1 1,612,991 2,813,933,891 5 143,794 Judicial Administration 3,855,076 3,3937,385			20 700 000		20 402 000	,	20 055 005	,	(224.445)
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 136,300 136,300 147,648 11,348 Fines and Forfeitures 33,000 106,962 108,171 1,208 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 620,328 620,328 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 1,665,066 187,746 Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 304,8425 Miscellaneous 1,393,981 1,369,138 12,798,710 687,045,590 Intergovernmental: 600,000 1,31,6478 13,669,138 12,798,710 687,0428 Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 Total Revenues 5,69,232,973 7,2292,728 7,6045,233 3,752,505 EXPENDITURES: Current: 6,60,432,817 3,937,385 3,793,591 \$ 143,794 Judicial Administration 2,3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,794 Judicial Administration 2,3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591	• •	\$		\$		\$		\$,
Fines and Forfeitures 33,000 106,962 108,171 1,209 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 620,328 620,328 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,525,575 702,411 361,929 340,482 Recovered Costs 1,393,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from Use of Money and Property 620,328 620,328 2,536,538 1,916,210 Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 1,665,066 187,746 Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 340,482 Recovered Costs 1,339,3981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental: 2 1,3216,478 13,669,138 12,798,710 (670,428) Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 Total Revenues 5 6,823,973 7,2292,728 7,6045,233 3,752,505 EXPENDITURES: Current: 6 5 3,855,076 \$3,937,385 \$3,793,591 \$143,794 Judicial Administration 2,511,116 2,668,744 2,573,897 94,847 Public Works 2,997,941 3,510,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,225,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,576,946			•		•		,		•
Charges for Services 1,523,570 1,477,320 1,665,066 187,746 Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 340,4825 Recovered Costs 1,393,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 53,509 Intergovernmental: 31,3126,478 13,669,138 12,798,710 6870,428.0 Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 3,752,505 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration 2,385,5076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,794 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,692 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 1,292,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,578,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 4,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>			•		•		•		•
Miscellaneous 176,525 702,411 361,929 (340,482) Recovered Costs 1,393,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental: 543,509 1,832,6478 13,669,138 12,798,710 (870,428) Federal Government 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 Total Revenues 569,232,973 72,292,728 76,045,233 3,375,505 EXPENDITURES: Current: 66,823,973 53,855,076 3,3937,385 3,793,591 5143,794 Judicial Administration 2,551,1116 2,668,744 2,573,897 94,847 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,292,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,61			•		•				
Recovered Costs 1,939,981 1,437,426 1,980,935 543,509 Intergovernmental:	•								•
Commonwealth					•				
Commonwealth Federal Government Federal Government Total Revenues 13,216,478 (4,112,991 (5,110,950 (6,823,973 (7,132,023))) 12,798,710 (6,823,973 (7,132,023)) (870,428) (7,132,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023,023) 1,713,023 (7,132,023,023,023,033,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,0	Recovered Costs		1,393,981		1,437,426		1,980,935		543,509
Federal Government Total Revenues 4,112,991 5,110,950 6,823,973 1,713,023 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration \$ 3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,799 Judicial Administration \$ 3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,799 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,925,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: 2 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures 5,4249,679 5,802,346 5,046,									
Total Revenues	Commonwealth		13,216,478		13,669,138		12,798,710		(870,428)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Commany Salabatic strain of the process of	Federal Government		4,112,991		5,110,950		6,823,973		1,713,023
Current: General Government Administration \$ 3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,794 Judicial Administration 2,511,116 2,668,744 2,573,897 94,847 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,925,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Chher Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ 9,310,231 \$ (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ 9,50,46,929 \$ 10,849,275 Transfers Out \$ (5,029,322) \$ (6,435,671) \$ (9,310,231) \$ (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable \$ 4,249,679 \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 9,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,99,99	Total Revenues	\$	69,232,973	\$	72,292,728	\$	76,045,233	\$	3,752,505
General Government Administration \$ 3,855,076 \$ 3,937,385 \$ 3,793,591 \$ 143,794 Judicial Administration 2,511,116 2,668,744 2,573,897 94,847 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,225,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Exces	EXPENDITURES:								
Judicial Administration 2,511,116 2,668,744 2,573,897 94,847 Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,925,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ 7,809,5074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ 12,238,017 \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275	Current:								
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Public Safety 16,703,502 18,864,578 16,676,946 2,187,632 Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,925,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: 7 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers In </td <td>Judicial Administration</td> <td></td> <td>2,511,116</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,573,897</td> <td></td> <td>94,847</td>	Judicial Administration		2,511,116				2,573,897		94,847
Public Works 2,997,941 3,519,079 3,310,476 208,603 Health and Welfare 12,207,388 12,925,577 10,560,641 2,364,936 Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Committing Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 (9,310,231)	Public Safety		16,703,502		18,864,578				2,187,632
Health and Welfare									
Education 17,169,451 18,292,158 16,558,613 1,733,545 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable	Health and Welfare				, ,		, ,		*
Parks, Recreation and Cultural 2,416,732 2,842,061 2,654,442 187,619 Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 78,095,074 70,998,304 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable * 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net									
Community Development 1,953,358 9,894,285 9,673,161 221,124 Non-Departmental 40,000 10,612 8,388 2,224 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning \$ (4,220,945) \$ 31,447,675 31,447,675									
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Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable - 42,357 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 (9,267,874) (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) \$ 31,447,675	•								•
Principal Retirement 3,457,314 3,469,179 3,617,592 (148,413) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable 42,357 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning \$ - \$ 31,447,675 31,447,675	•		10,000		10,012		0,500		_,
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,671,416 1,671,416 1,570,557 100,859 Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675 31,447,675 31,447,675 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 31,447,675 \$ 31,447,675 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,220,945)			3 457 314		3 469 179		3 617 592		(148 413)
Total Expenditures \$ 64,983,294 \$ 78,095,074 \$ 70,998,304 \$ 7,096,770 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675 31,447,675	•								
Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (5,029,322) \$ (6,435,671) \$ (9,310,231) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (3,237) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (3,237) \$	5	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Expenditures \$ 4,249,679 \$ (5,802,346) \$ 5,046,929 \$ 10,849,275 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (5,029,322) \$ (6,435,671) \$ (9,310,231) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (1,238,017) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (3,237) \$ (2,874,560) \$ (3,237) \$									
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675				_					
Transfers In \$ 779,643 \$ 12,238,017 \$ - \$ (12,238,017) Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable	Expenditures	\$	4,249,679	\$	(5,802,346)	\$	5,046,929	\$	10,849,275
Transfers Out (5,029,322) (6,435,671) (9,310,231) (2,874,560) Issuance of Leases Payable - - 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning - - 31,447,675 31,447,675	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of Leases Payable - - 42,357 42,357 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning - - 31,447,675 31,447,675	Transfers In	\$	779,643	\$	12,238,017	\$	-	\$	(12,238,017)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (4,249,679) \$ 5,802,346 \$ (9,267,874) \$ (15,070,220) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675 31,447,675 31,447,675	Transfers Out		(5,029,322)		(6,435,671)		(9,310,231)		(2,874,560)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ - \$ (4,220,945) \$ (4,220,945) Fund Balance - Beginning - - 31,447,675 31,447,675	Issuance of Leases Payable		-		-		42,357		42,357
Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675 31,447,675	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(4,249,679)	\$	5,802,346	\$	(9,267,874)	\$	(15,070,220)
Fund Balance - Beginning 31,447,675 31,447,675	Net Change in Fund Balance	S	_	Ś	-	Ś	(4,220,945)	Ś	(4,220,945)
<u></u>		Ŧ	-		-	•		•	
		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)	(Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary Government	- County of Pulaski Retirement	Plan				
2023	86.5672% \$		S	14,800,430	17.80%	95.68%
2022	85.3120%	642,417	•	13,550,482	4.74%	98.86%
2021	85.4460%	(1,785,466)		11,888,512	-15.02%	103.24%
2020	85.8900%	5,957,803		11,615,916	51.29%	88.50%
2019	85.7300%	4,690,414		10,056,520	46.64%	90.73%
2018	81.5237%	2,873,283		9,814,514	29.28%	93.59%
2017	81.5237%	3,619,908		9,341,508	38.75%	91.72%
2016	81.8900%	5,948,972		9,046,509	65.76%	86.10%
2015	81.3919%	4,247,122		8,486,988	50.04%	89.62%
2014	81.2400%	3,792,677		8,225,333	46.11%	90.36%
Component Unit Publi	ic Service Authority					
2023	12.6284% \$	422,373	\$	2,373,611	17.79%	95.68%
2022	13.9183%	104,808		2,210,691	4.74%	98.86%
2021	13.9370%	(291,226)		1,939,122	-15.02%	103.24%
2020	13.1500%	912,156		1,778,429	51.29%	88.50%
2019	13.3600%	730,945		1,680,489	43.50%	90.73%
2018	12.8998%	454,651		1,552,987	29.28%	93.59%
2017	12.8998%	572,792		1,498,406	38.23%	91.72%
2016	12.7300%	924,782		1,399,901	66.06%	86.10%
2015	13.2000%	688,791		1,380,323	49.90%	89.62%
2014	13.2000%	615,090		1,341,630	45.85%	90.36%
•	ol Board (professional)					
2023	0.2655% \$		\$	26,502,014	101.26%	82.45%
2022	0.2519%	23,983,340		23,520,768	101.97%	82.61%
2021	0.2481%	19,257,140		21,957,337	87.70%	85.46%
2020	0.2481%	36,097,789		21,758,155	165.90%	71.47%
2019	0.2583%	33,991,116		21,659,328	156.94%	73.51%
2018	0.2681%	31,530,000		21,717,893	145.18%	74.81%
2017	0.2761%	33,960,000		21,798,816	155.79%	72.92%
2016	0.2811%	39,386,000		21,429,302	183.80%	68.28%
2015	0.2876%	36,199,000		21,387,353	169.25%	70.68%
2014	0.3002%	36,277,000		21,994,717	164.94%	70.88%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Lability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability											
Service cost	s	245,647 \$	191,886 \$	202,457 \$	217,278 \$	205,580 \$	205,130 \$	217,216 \$	248,654 \$	\$ 986,386	259, 384
Interest		827,709	818,144	768,210	770,518	741,559	721,459	727,532	703,996	680,732	623,029
Differences between expected and actual experience		235,630	(211,088)	(187,949)	(405,445)	119,357	(75,674)	(407,240)	(78,558)	(89,812)	
Changes of assumptions				467,838		314,083		(62,808)			
Benefit payments		(689,873)	(732, 125)	(673, 229)	(559,845)	(558,574)	(568,951)	(553,976)	(521,747)	(526,169)	(508,058)
Net change in total pension liability	S	619,113 \$	66,817 \$	577,327 \$	22,506 \$	822,005 \$	281,964 \$	(79,276) \$	352,345 \$	330,137 \$	404,385
Total pension liability - beginning		12,361,649	12,294,832	11,717,505	11,694,999	10,872,994	10,591,030	10,670,306	10,317,961	9,987,824	9,583,439
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u></u>	12,980,762 \$	12,361,649 \$	12,294,832 \$	11,717,505 \$	11,694,999 \$	10,872,994 \$	10,591,030 \$	10,670,306 \$	10,317,961 \$	9,987,824
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	s	98,322 \$	104,766 \$	97,556 \$	117,292 \$	116,646 \$	156,401 \$	151,950 \$	202,984 \$	218,738 \$	245,465
Contributions - employee		126,733	113,981	106,533	115,412	109,242	108,131	105,216	111,956	121,343	123,727
Net investment income		826,452	(8, 182)	2,972,994	211,656	710,228	761,233	1,146,141	164,816	424,421	1,281,760
Benefit payments		(689,873)	(732, 125)	(673,229)	(559,845)	(558,574)	(568,951)	(553, 976)	(521,747)	(526,169)	(508,058)
Administrator charges		(8,450)	(8,535)	(7,647)	(7,370)	(7,218)	(6,699)	(6,774)	(9,016)	(5,914)	(6,966)
Other		331	306	278	(220)	(447)	(672)	(1,014)	(72)	(%)	89
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	°	353,515 \$	\$ (529,789)	2,496,485 \$	(123,105) \$	369,877 \$	449,443 \$	841,543 \$	(48,079) \$	\$ 628,325	1,135,996
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		13,034,063	13,563,852	11,067,367	11,190,472	10,820,595	10, 371, 152	6),529,609	9,577,688	9,345,359	8, 209, 363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>پ</u>	13,387,578 \$	13,034,063 \$	13,563,852 \$	11,067,367 \$	11,190,472 \$	10,820,595 \$	10,371,152 \$	9,529,609 \$	\$ 889,777,6	9,345,359
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	s	(406,816) \$	(672,414) \$	(1,269,020) \$	650,138 \$	504,527 \$	52,399 \$	219,878 \$	1,140,697 \$	740,273 \$	642, 465
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.13%	105.44%	110.32%	94.45%	95.69%	99.52%	97.92%	89.31%	92.83%	93.57%
Covered payroll	s	2,803,552 \$	2,513,908 \$	2,297,560 \$	2,355,416 \$	2,320,345 \$	2,271,156 \$	2,171,340 \$	\$ 177,672,2	2,434,851 \$	2,474,506
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-14.51%	-26.75%	-55.23%	27.60%	21.74%	2.31%	10.13%	50.04%	30.40%	25.96%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date Primary Go				Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$	1,385,866	\$	1,385,866	\$	-	\$	16,497,253	8.40%
2023		1,242,091		1,242,091		-		14,800,430	8.39%
2022		1,089,888		1,089,888		-		13,550,482	8.04%
2021		967,573		967,573		-		11,888,512	8.14%
2020		981,662		981,662		-		11,615,916	8.45%
2019		859,240		859,240		-		10,056,520	8.54%
2018		923,644		923,644		-		9,814,514	9.41%
2017		886,604		886,604		-		9,341,508	9.49%
2016		1,099,960		1,099,960		-		9,046,509	12.16%
2015		1,018,523		1,018,523		-		8,486,988	12.00%
Component	Unit I	Public Service A	utho	ority					
2024	\$	202,170	\$	202,170	\$	-	\$	2,407,129	8.40%
2023		199,160		199,160		-		2,373,611	8.39%
2022		177,811		177,811		-		2,210,691	8.04%
2021		157,815		157,815		-		1,939,122	8.14%
2020		150,256		150,256		-		1,778,429	8.45%
2019		143,608		143,608		-		1,680,489	8.55%
2018		146,152		146,152		-		1,552,987	9.41%
2017		142,214		142,214		-		1,498,406	9.49%
2016		169,248		169,248		-		1,399,901	12.09%
2015		166,881		166,881		-		1,380,323	12.09%
Component	Unit !	School Board (no	npr	ofessional)					
2024	\$	100,280	\$	100,280	\$	-	\$	2,974,569	3.37%
2023		98,639		98,639		-		2,803,552	3.52%
2022		104,981		104,981		-		2,513,908	4.18%
2021		97,800		97,800		-		2,297,560	4.26%
2020		117,508		117,508		-		2,355,416	4.99%
2019		116,793		116,793		-		2,320,345	5.03%
2018		156,538		156,538		-		2,271,156	6.89%
2017		151,735		151,735		-		2,171,340	6.99%
2016		205,179		205,179		-		2,279,771	9.00%
2015		219,137		219,137		-		2,434,851	9.00%
Component	Unit 9	School Board (pr	ofe	ssional)					
2024	\$	4,274,549	\$	4,274,549	\$	-	\$	27,160,420	15.74%
2023	•	4,191,222	•	4,191,222	•	-	•	26,502,014	15.81%
2022		3,742,313		3,742,313		-		23,520,768	15.91%
2021		3,509,331		3,509,331		-		21,957,337	15.98%
2020		3,326,828		3,326,828		_		21,758,155	15.29%
2019		3,309,921		3,309,921		-		21,659,328	15.28%
2018		3,473,102		3,473,102		-		21,717,893	15.99%
2017		3,143,365		3,143,365		-		21,798,816	14.66%
2016		3,012,959		3,012,959		-		21,429,302	14.06%
2015		3,092,245		3,092,245		-		21,387,353	14.46%

 $^{^{\}star}$ Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

` ,	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

${\sf Componen}_{\underline{t}} \; {\sf Unit} \; {\sf School} \; {\sf Board} \; {\sf -Professional} \; {\sf Employees}$

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Healthcare OPEB Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Pr SI	Employer's oportionate hare of the Net OPEB bility (Asset)	Covered- Employee Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary Gov	vornment.				
2023	<u>21.74%</u>	\$	1,065,400	N/A	N/A
2023	24.13%	Ą	1,166,900	N/A	N/A
2022	24.82%		1,210,800	N/A	N/A
2020	25.24%		1,132,100	N/A	N/A
2019	27.70%		1,303,700	N/A	N/A
2018	27.37%		1,218,300	N/A	N/A
2017	26.28%		1,191,800	N/A	N/A
Component	Unit Public Service Autho	rity:			
2023	2.39%	\$	116,900	N/A	N/A
2022	2.62%		126,600	N/A	N/A
2021	3.08%		150,200	N/A	N/A
2020	3.08%		138,300	N/A	N/A
2019	4.20%		197,600	N/A	N/A
2018	4.14%		184,400	N/A	N/A
2017	4.24%		192,300	N/A	N/A
Component	Unit - School Board:				
2023	75.87%	\$	3,717,600	N/A	N/A
2022	73.25%		3,542,900	N/A	N/A
2021	72.10%		3,517,400	N/A	N/A
2020	71.68%		3,215,300	N/A	N/A
2019	67.95%		3,197,800	N/A	N/A
2018	68.35%		3,042,700	N/A	N/A
2017	69.26%		3,141,200	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 7/1/2022 Measurement Date: 7/1/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Discount Rate	3.86%
Healthcare Trend Rate	County and School: 6.50% for fiscal year end 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Scale	2.50%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Go	vernment					
2023	0.06284%	\$	753,609	\$ 14,758,054	5.11%	69.30%
2022	0.06226%		749,679	13,543,196	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.05751%		669,715	11,888,512	5.63%	67.45%
2020	0.05643%		941,863	11,615,916	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.05509%		896,462	10,073,360	8.90%	52.00%
2018	0.05197%		789,149	9,814,514	8.04%	51.22%
2017	0.05163%		777,136	9,341,508	8.32%	48.86%
Component	: Unit Public Service Autho	rity				
2023	0.01008%	\$	120,836	\$ 2,373,269	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.01016%		122,307	2,209,516	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.00938%		109,237	1,939,122	5.63%	67.45%
2020	0.00864%		144,202	1,786,764	8.07%	52.64%
2019	0.00859%		139,703	1,683,303	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.00822%		124,870	1,552,987	8.04%	51.22%
2017	0.00803%		120,808	1,498,406	8.06%	48.86%
Component	: Unit - School Board (nonp	rofessio	nal)			
2023	0.01197%	\$	143,558	\$ 2,818,644	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.01150%		138,471	2,502,174	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.01120%		129,933	2,303,210	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.01150%		192,083	2,365,581	8.12%	52.64%
2019	0.01185%		192,831	2,323,486	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.01197%		182,000	2,271,156	8.01%	51.22%
2017	0.01177%		177,000	2,171,340	8.15%	48.86%
Component	: Unit - School Board (profe	essional)				
2023	0.11251%	\$	1,349,348	\$ 26,502,014	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.10816%		1,302,351	23,526,688	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.10630%		1,238,203	21,957,337	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.10570%		1,764,627	21,762,660	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.11061%		1,799,919	21,683,706	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.11429%		1,735,000	21,717,893	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.11814%		1,778,000	21,798,816	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	_
Primary Gov	ernme	nt:									
2024	\$	89,107	\$	89,107	\$	_	\$	16,50	1,320	0.549	%
2023	·	79,911		79,911	·	-	·		8,054	0.549	%
2022		73,126		73,126		-		13,54	3,196	0.549	%
2021		64,131		64,131		-		11,88	8,512	0.549	%
2020		60,458		60,458		-		11,61	5,916	0.529	%
2019		52,381		52,381		-		10,07	3,360	0.529	%
2018		51,268		51,268		-		9,81	4,514	0.529	%
2017		49,634		49,634		-		9,34	1,508	0.539	%
Component	Unit P	ublic Service A	utho	ority							
2024	\$	13,002	\$	13,002	\$	-	\$	2,40	7,717	0.549	%
2023		12,816		12,816		-		2,37	3,269	0.549	%
2022		11,931		11,931		-		2,20	9,516	0.549	%
2021		10,460		10,460		-		1,93	9,122	0.549	%
2020		9,256		9,256		-			6,764	0.529	%
2019		8,753		8,753		-		1,68	3,303	0.529	%
2018		8,112		8,112		-		-	2,987	0.529	%
2017		7,716		7,716		-		1,49	8,406	0.519	%
Component	Unit - :	School Board (r	nonp	professional)							
2024	\$	16,157		16,157	\$	-	\$	2,99	2,082	0.549	%
2023		15,221		15,221		-		2,81	8,644	0.549	%
2022		13,512		13,512		-		2,50	2,174	0.549	%
2021		12,437		12,437		-		2,30	3,210	0.549	%
2020		12,314		12,314		-		2,36	5,581	0.529	%
2019		12,082		12,082		-		2,32	3,486	0.529	%
2018		11,831		11,831		-		2,27	1,156	0.529	%
2017		11,291		11,291		-		2,17	1,340	0.529	%
2016		10,943		10,943		-		2,27	9,771	0.489	%
2015		11,708		11,708		-		2,43	4,851	0.489	%
Component	Unit - :	School Board (p	orofe	essional)							
2024	\$	146,666	\$	146,666	\$	-	\$	27,16	0,420	0.549	%
2023		143,111		143,111		-		26,50	2,014	0.549	%
2022		127,044		127,044		-		23,52		0.549	%
2021		118,567		118,567		-			57,337	0.549	%
2020		112,852		112,852		-			52,660	0.529	%
2019		112,755		112,755		-		21,68		0.529	
2018		113,185		113,185		-		21,71		0.529	%
2017		113,316		113,316		-		21,79		0.529	
2016		102,879		102,879		-		21,42		0.489	
2015		102,659		102,659		-		21,38	7,353	0.489	%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to the 2017, the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

ton-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Emplo	byees .
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)	
2023	0.26580%	\$	3,219,826	\$	26,502,014	12.15%	17.90%	
2022	0.25240%		3,152,344		23,521,838	13.40%	15.08%	
2021	0.24828%		3,186,846		21,957,337	14.51%	13.15%	
2020	0.24820%		3,237,679		21,758,155	14.88%	9.95%	
2019	0.25823%		3,380,482		21,659,328	15.61%	8.97%	
2018	0.26811%		3,404,000		21,717,893	15.67%	8.08%	
2017	0.27607%		3,503,000		21,798,816	16.07%	7.04%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	_	328,641	\$ 328,641	\$ -	- \$	27,160,420	1.21%
2023		320,674	320,674	-		26,502,014	1.21%
2022		284,614	284,614	-		23,521,838	1.21%
2021		265,683	265,683	-		21,957,337	1.21%
2020		260,318	260,318	-		21,758,155	1.20%
2019		259,911	259,911	-		21,659,328	1.20%
2018		267,130	267,130	-		21,717,893	1.23%
2017		241,839	241,839	-		21,798,816	1.11%
2016		227,151	227,151	-		21,429,302	1.06%
2015		226,667	226,667	-		21,387,353	1.06%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	2,288 \$	2,780 \$	3,003 \$	-
Interest		19,556	18,457	16,782	-
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	248,622
Differences between expected and actual experience		(126,665)	(22,170)	(1)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	26,405	6,616	-
Benefit payments		(8,677)	(8,723)	-	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	(113,498) \$	16,749 \$	26,400 \$	248,622
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		291,771	275,022	248,622	-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	178,273 \$	291,771 \$	275,022 \$	248,622
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	28,315 \$	20,494 \$	18,840 \$	_
Net investment income		2,765	(201)	2,439	-
Benefit payments		(8,677)	(8,723)	· -	-
Administrator charges		(84)	(66)	(83)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s —	22,319 \$	11,504 \$	21,196 \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		32,700	21,196	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	55,019 \$	32,700 \$	21,196 \$	-
School Division's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	123,254 \$	259,071 \$	253,826 \$	248,622
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB Liability		30.86%	11.21%	7.71%	-
•					
Covered payroll	\$	2,803,552 \$	2,499,280 \$	2,297,560 \$	-
Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		4.40%	10.37%	11.05%	-

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ending June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)			Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2024	\$	30,055	\$	30,055	\$ -		\$	2,975,720	1.01%
2023		28,316		28,316	-			2,803,552	1.01%
2022		20,494		20,494	-			2,499,280	0.82%
2021		18,840		18,840	-			2,297,560	0.82%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

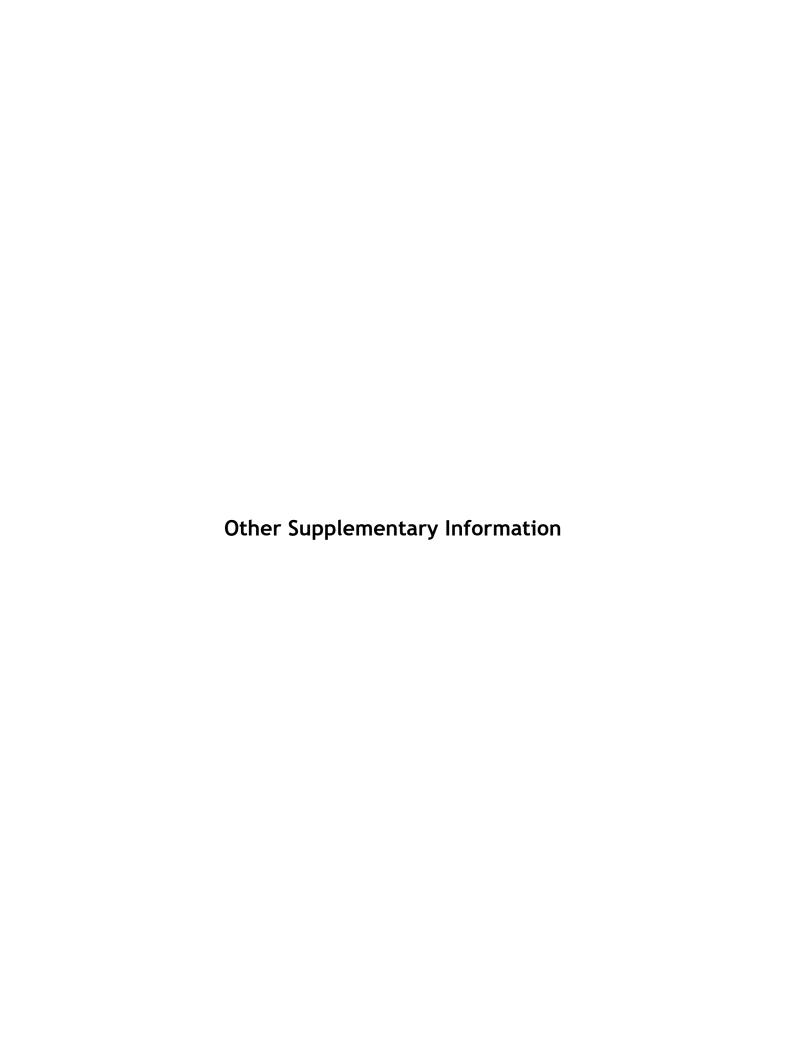
County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change



County of Pulaski, Virginia Major Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget Amounts						Variance with		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	inal Budget Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	\$	1,044,150	\$	2,283,819	\$	33,819	\$	(2,250,000)	
Recovered Costs		8,007		8,007		8,007		-	
Intergovernmental:									
Local Government		-		18,030		-		(18,030)	
Commonwealth		67,729		184,538		-		(184,538)	
Federal Government		(222,875)		-		-		-	
Total Revenues	\$	897,011	\$	2,494,394	\$	41,826	\$	(2,452,568)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government Administration	\$	338,240	\$	839,245	\$	323,841	\$	515,404	
Judicial Administration		38,000		47,196		41,662		5,534	
Public Safety		1,156,428		2,745,959		794,541		1,951,418	
Public Works		2,017,846		5,511,560		2,460,261		3,051,299	
Health and Welfare		-		144,085		8,803		135,282	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		661,745		6,541,601		581,261		5,960,340	
Community Development		-		-		652,913		(652,913)	
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		-		-		54,536		(54,536)	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		-		-		7,640		(7,640)	
Total Expenditures	\$	4,212,259	\$	15,829,646	\$	4,925,458	\$	10,904,188	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	(3,315,248)	\$	(13,335,252)	\$	(4,883,632)	\$	8,451,620	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	\$	3,624,622	\$	13,335,252	\$	7,691,173	\$	(5,644,079)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	309,374	Ś	_	\$	2,807,541	Ś	2,807,541	
Fund Balance - Beginning	•	(309,374)	•	-	,	8,055,888	•	8,055,888	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,863,429	\$	10,863,429	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Major Capital Projects Fund-School CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget Amounts						Variance with	
		Original	<u>Final</u>			Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94,434	\$ 94,434	
Miscellaneous		-		-		141,669	141,669	
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	236,103	\$ 236,103	
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	236,103	\$ 236,103	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	524,906	\$ 524,906	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	761,009	\$ 761,009	
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		1,814,568	1,814,568	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,575,577	\$ 2,575,577	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Special <u>Welfare</u>	Performance <u>Bond</u>	Employee Flexible <u>Benefits</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,014 \$	133,370 \$	96,535	\$ 263,919
Total Assets	\$ _	34,014 \$	133,370 \$	96,535	\$ 263,919
NET POSITION					
Restricted:					
Special Welfare	\$	34,014 \$	- \$	-	\$ 34,014
Performance Bond		-	133,370	-	133,370
Employee Flexible Benefits		-	-	96,535	96,535
Total net position	\$ _	34,014 \$	133,370 \$	96,535	\$ 263,919

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

ADDITIONS	_	Special Welfare	Performance Bond	Employee Flexible Benefits		Total
Contributions:						
Expenditure reimbursement	\$	31,768 \$	36 \$	-	\$	31,804
Support enforcements		16,524	-	-		16,524
Benefits reimbursements		-	-	32,376		32,376
Total contributions	ş <u> </u>	48,292 \$	36 \$	32,376	\$ <u> </u>	80,704
Total additions	\$	48,292 \$	36 \$	32,376	\$ _	80,704
DEDUCTIONS						
Special welfare payments	\$	43,757 \$	- \$	-	\$	43,757
Refund bonds		-	13,308	-		13,308
Flexible benefits		-	-	28,032		28,032
Banking fees				89		89
Total deductions	\$	43,757 \$	13,308 \$	28,121	\$ _	85,186
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	4,535 \$	(13,272) \$	4,255	\$	(4,482)
Net position, beginning		29,479	146,642	92,280		268,401
Net position, ending	\$	34,014 \$	133,370 \$	96,535	\$	263,919

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the individual schools.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

		School Operating Fund	Δ.	School ctivity Fund	Total
ASSETS	_	Operating runa		ctivity i unu	 Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,282,409 \$		1,393,000 \$	9,675,409
Prepaid Items		1,029,906		-	1,029,906
Due from Primary Government		2,318,950		-	2,318,950
Due from Other Governmental Units	_	2,004,902		-	 2,004,902
Total Assets	\$ =	13,636,167		1,393,000 \$	 15,029,167
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	956,778 \$		- \$	956,778
Accrued Wages	7	4,274,240			4,274,240
Unearned Revenue		1,262,788			1,262,788
Due to Primary Government		127,203		-	127,203
Total Liabilities	\$	6,621,009 \$		- \$	6,621,009
FUND BALANCES		4 000 004 6			4 000 004
Nonspendable - Prepaid Items	\$	1,029,906 \$		- \$	1,029,906
Restricted - School activity fund Assigned - School activity fund		•		103,856 1,289,144	103,856 1,289,144
Committed		5,985,252		1,209,144	5,985,252
Total Fund Balances	s -	7,015,158 \$		1,393,000 \$	 8,408,158
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	; -	13,636,167 \$		1,393,000 \$	 15,029,167
are different because: Total fund balances - per above					\$ 8,408,158
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds.	the				
Capital assets, not being depreciated			\$	5,843,595	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization				17,703,719	23,547,314
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.					406,816
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Pension Related Items			\$	9,411,146	
OPEB Related Items				2,046,915	11,458,061
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liabilities are not and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	due				
Compensated Absences			\$	(1,882,118)	
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB liabilities				(26,835,639) (8,553,586)	(37,271,343)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in funds	the				
Pension Related Items			\$	(3,421,760)	
OPEB Related Items			-	(1,548,954)	(4,970,714)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board					\$ 1,578,292

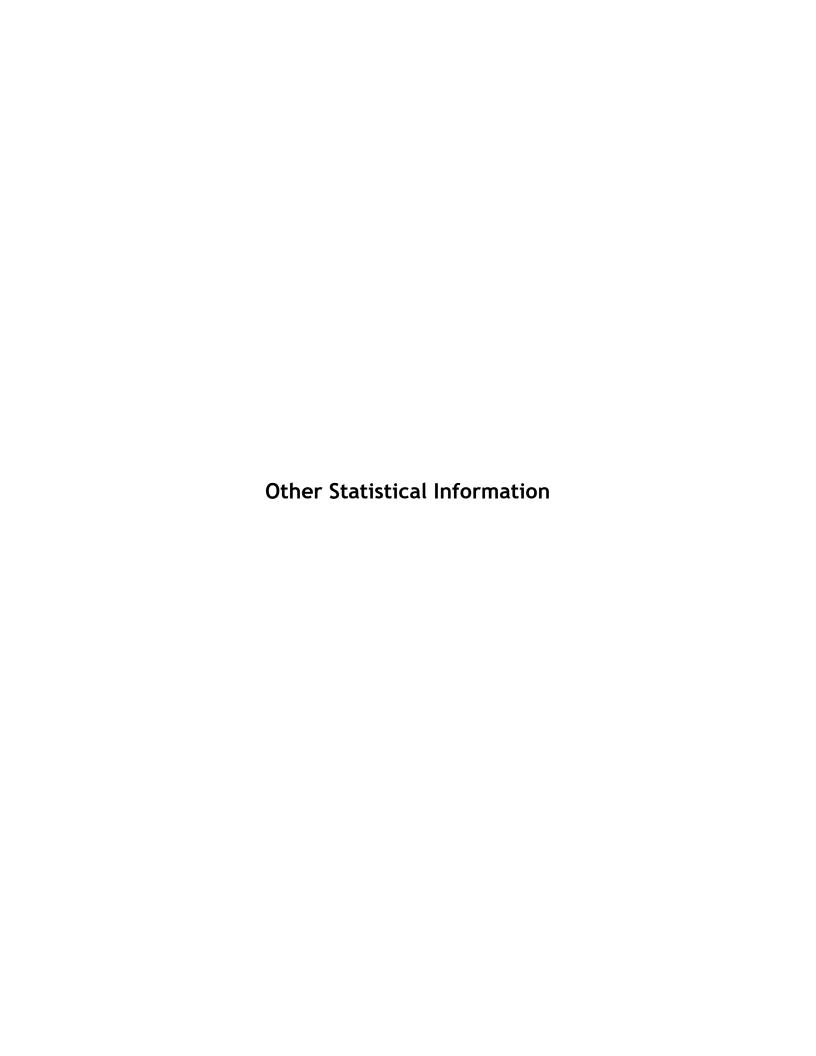
County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	School Operating Fund	_	School Activity Fund*	Total
REVENUES		404 740			101 710
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	101,742	\$	- \$	101,742
Charges for Services Miscellaneous		218,762 59,870		941,084	1,159,846 59,870
Recovered Costs		1,200,648			1,200,648
Intergovernmental:		1,200,040		•	1,200,046
Local Government		16,368,180			16,368,180
Commonwealth		39,067,250			39,067,250
Federal Government		9,881,080			9,881,080
Total Revenues	s ⁻	66,897,532	s ⁻	941,084 \$	67,838,616
	. –	,	· -		
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Education	\$_	64,846,312	\$_	1,585,511 \$	66,431,823
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	,	2 054 220	,	((44.427) 6	4 404 703
Expenditures	\$ _	2,051,220	۶ –	(644,427) \$	1,406,793
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	\$		\$	281,655 \$	281,655
Transfers Out	•	(281,655)	*	, +	(281,655)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	s -	(281,655)	s -	281,655 \$	- (- , ,
	. –	(- ,,	· -	,	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,769,565	\$	(362,772) \$	1,406,793
Fund Balance - Beginning	_	5,245,593		1,755,772	7,001,365
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ _	7,015,158	\$ _	1,393,000 \$	8,408,158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above				\$	1,406,793
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Detail of items supporting these adjustments is as follows:			\$	2 245 207	
Capital Outlay Depreciation			\$	3,265,307 (1,397,818)	1,867,489
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			S	(46,620)	1,007,407
Disposal of assets Transfer of asset to EDA			ş	(79,057)	(125,677)
Hallister of asset to LDA			-	(17,031)	(123,077)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan					391,513
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are no reported as expenditure in governmental funds.	t		,	(70 (52)	
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences			\$	(70,650)	
Changes in pension related items Changes in OPEB related items			_	1,843,840 276,860	2,050,050
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board				\$	5,590,168

*The School Activity Fund does not require a legally adopted budget

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Budget .	Amou	ınts		Variance with
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES					
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 34,900	\$	82,040	\$ 101,742	\$ 19,702
Charges for Services	342,000		342,000	218,762	(123,238)
Miscellaneous	25,637		25,637	59,870	34,233
Recovered Costs	682,500		682,500	1,200,648	518,148
Intergovernmental:					
Local Government	17,104,410		17,104,410	16,368,180	(736,230)
Commonwealth	33,305,526		38,636,385	39,067,250	430,865
Federal Government	14,086,732		14,236,732	9,881,080	(4,355,652)
Total Revenues	\$ 65,581,705	\$	71,109,704	\$ 66,897,532	\$ (4,212,172)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Education	\$ 65,581,705	\$	71,109,704	\$ 64,846,312	\$ 6,263,392
Total Expenditures	\$ 65,581,705	\$	71,109,704	\$ 64,846,312	\$ 6,263,392
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,051,220	\$ 2,051,220
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	\$ _	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers Out	-		-	(281,655)	(281,655)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (281,655)	\$ (281,655)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,769,565	\$ 1,769,565
Fund Balance - Beginning	-		-	5,245,593	5,245,593
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,015,158	\$ 7,015,158



County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General						Parks,		Interest	
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	on Long-	
Year	Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education	and Cultural	Development	Term Debt	Total
2023-24 (1) \$	1,405,983 \$	2,858,572 \$	18,789,923 \$	6,125,638 \$	10,997,833 \$	18,653,498 \$	3,255,786 \$	10,569,082 \$	1,431,288 \$	74,087,603
2022-23	2,941,654	2,042,456	16,336,680	3,469,150	9,621,841	18,050,645	640,357	3,935,891	1,524,986	58,563,660
2021-22	3,738,155	2,178,268	15,419,417	2,251,981	9,420,070	21,666,411	2,446,473	2,219,436	1,613,525	60,953,736
2020-21	3,279,198	2,110,024	16,319,331	1,686,968	9,409,838	17,637,702	890,249	2,758,678	1,733,954	55,825,942
2019-20	3,128,845	2,169,572	12,496,921	2,230,327	10,235,842	15,838,781	1,840,271	1,105,826	1,884,031	50,930,416
2018-19	2,660,377	1,945,251	10,668,415	1,949,125	9,518,680	15,549,922	1,566,378	1,181,486	1,870,352	46,909,986
2017-18	2,801,349	2,067,758	9,874,829	2,586,077	10,515,792	16,553,189	1,621,925	3,504,042	1,717,409	51,242,370
2016-17	2,700,402	2,109,851	10,833,574	2,617,920	10,957,406	15,480,363	1,615,012	1,149,908	785,624	48,250,060
2015-16	2,271,956	1,839,512	9,084,993	2,248,209	10,778,762	15,078,566	1,474,176	2,444,344	854,398	46,074,916
2014-15	2,297,377	1,763,999	8,960,435	3,355,036	10,387,390	14,981,310	1,581,597	5,180,699	780,400	49,288,243

(1) Community Development includes the donation of Calfee Park and the Speedway to the County during the year valued at \$24,585,000 as well as contributions to the EDA from the County totaling \$6,131,001 related predominately to the buyout of a lessee from their lease obligation.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	Program Revenues					General Revenues			
Fiscal	Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	General		Other Local	Unrestricted		Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific	
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes		Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Total
2023-24 (1) \$	2,016,055 \$	17,230,392 \$	24,585,000	\$ 39,036,235	35 \$	10,766,378 \$	2,535,802 \$	1,295,467 \$	2,392,291 \$	99,857,620
2022-23	2,047,099	14,231,582	10,666	38,046,136	36	10,468,228	1,072,356	575,615	2,600,328	69,052,010
2021-22	1,400,143	15,890,466	487,488	35,676,092	192	9,381,355	328,520	1,581,600	2,431,631	67,177,295
2020-21	1,765,952	18,867,125	1,170	33,406,557	157	8,666,350	475,586	33,055	2,419,357	65,635,152
2019-20	2,025,196	12,833,704	407,169	31,446,592	192	8,270,789	926,218	108,675	2,587,059	58,605,402
2018-19	1,151,680	12,089,326	128,397	31,370,1	.07	7,849,693	1,612,865	301,726	2,663,341	57,167,135
2017-18	730,770	12,636,401	123,701	28,799,0	197	7,479,531	669,250	137,700	2,624,484	53,200,934
2016-17	784,304	13,695,749	139,906	26,556,425	125	7,476,305	371,956	113,955	2,653,536	51,792,136
2015-16	722,159	12,010,459	1,364,931	25,966,779	42	7,247,877	306,940	363,247	2,582,112	50,564,504
2014-15	846,761	12,748,161	106,529	25,590,142	42	7,120,592	268,759	352,115	2,637,132	49,670,191

(1) Capital grants and contributions includes the donation of Calfee Park and the Speedway to the County during the year valued at \$24,585,000.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 124,401,894	113,070,511	100,345,168	98,874,413	90,774,161	87,662,663	85,029,029	84,235,084	87,336,168	85,003,816
Debt Service (3)	\$ 5,250,325	5,820,362	5,805,515	6,378,184	6,421,927	6,368,340	3,685,580	3,253,181	7,969,056	3,013,268
Non- Departmental	\$ 8,388	8,316	7,825				52,143		11,203	149,816
Community Development	\$ 10,326,074	3,230,147	2,062,799	3,015,242	1,279,627	1,211,765	3,481,924	1,889,719	2,445,903	5,233,090
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 3,235,703	2,924,040	2,366,297	2,909,632	2,443,175	2,087,391	1,600,164	1,555,062	1,571,268	1,550,851
Education (2)	\$ 65,036,745	65,520,111	55,209,956	51,058,145	49,471,676	49,109,733	47,520,022	48,196,247	47,273,041	46,858,303
Health and Welfare	\$ 10,569,444	9,621,703	9,484,449	9,447,348	10,128,218	9,777,818	10,519,706	11,099,772	11,601,877	10,417,669
Public Works	\$ 5,770,737	3,507,102	3,051,879	2,709,910	2,741,035	2,364,247	3,266,501	2,755,809	2,399,136	3,541,420
Public Safety	\$ 17,471,487	16,261,710	16,137,470	17,481,716	12,646,612	11,350,386	9,584,427	10,764,367	9,472,446	9,701,372
Judicial Administration	\$ 2,615,559	2,400,505	2,163,468	2,110,508	2,090,825	2,083,683	2,061,752	2,015,564	1,936,077	1,855,350
General Government Administration	\$ 4,117,432	3,776,515	4,055,510	3,763,728	3,551,066	3,309,300	3,256,810	2,705,363	2,656,161	2,682,677
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15

Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes the School Activity Fund.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Debt service increased in fiscal year 2018-19 to reflect the PCMS Bonds repayments.
 Community Development includes contributions to the EDA from the County totaling \$6,131,001 related predominately to the buyout of a lessee from their lease obligation.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Property		Other Local	Pri	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Fines	Re A t &	evenue from the Use of Money and	J	Charges for			æ	Recovered		Inter-		
	Taxes		Taxes		Licenses	Forfeitures		Property	S	ervices	Misc	Miscellaneous		Costs	gove	governmental (2)		Total
_	\$ 38,855,885	\$ \$2	10,766,378	۰	147,648	\$ 108,171	۰	2,638,280	۰	1,883,828	\$	455,618	\$	3,189,590	\$	68,571,013	\$	26,616,411
	38,271,38	87	10,468,228		155,002	112,776		1,082,527		2,365,947		882,712		4,347,688		64,576,410	_	22,262,677
~!	35,810,9	46	9,381,335		182,475	116,647		335,996		1,748,918		444,670		2,009,560		57,969,864	_	08,000,411
_	33,047,08	88	8,666,350		149,347	159,901		479,241		1,979,569		185,779		2,187,056		57,710,522	_	04,564,853
0	31,124,00	02	8,270,789		160,975	191,397		508,978		2,632,620		219,239		2,276,197		49,248,445		94,632,642
2018-19	31,255,92	25	7,849,693		258,938	390,284		546,004		1,634,994		374,573		1,529,417		47,423,369		91,263,197
~	28,775,2;	79	7,479,531		145,952	83,229		379,044		1,947,060		228,308		2,013,767		46,775,323		87,827,493
_	26,298,2;	77	7,476,305		134,340	60,363		383,286		1,952,158		227,596		2,508,787		47,773,424		86,814,536
	25,713,685	85	7,247,877		128,556	30,051		319,238		1,887,874		138,056		1,670,611		46,644,090		83,780,038
	25.192.41	18	7,120,592		147 521	120 427		287 464		2 198 388		361 530		1 694 079		46 388 687		83 511 101

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes the School Activity Fund.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	Current	Percent	Delinquent	Total	Percent of Total Tax	Outstanding	Percent of Delinquent
Fiscal	Тах	Тах	of Levy	Тах	Тах	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
Year	Levy (1)	Collections (1)	Collected	Collections (1)	Collections	to Tax Levy	Taxes (1)	Tax Levy
2023-24	\$ 40,711,731	\$ 39,388,228	96.75%	\$ 229,544	\$ 39,617,772	97.31%	\$ 4,841,432	11.89%
2022-23	39,713,416	38,651,657	97.33%	252,455	38,904,112	896'26	4,528,278	11.40%
2021-22	37,370,050	36,532,960	%91.76	101,584	36,634,544	98.03%	4,814,435	12.88%
2020-21	34,955,086	33,907,541	%00.76	173,420	34,080,961	97.50%	5,233,629	14.97%
2019-20	33,288,666	32,043,223	96.26%	101,596	32,144,819	895.96	4,494,676	13.50%
2018-19	32,948,802	32,161,771	97.61%	104,256	32,266,027	97.93%	4,187,829	12.71%
2017-18	30,535,084	29,717,045	97.32%	110,615	29,827,660	89.76	3,749,643	12.28%
2016-17	28,049,095	27,267,139	97.21%	82,924	27,350,063	97.51%	3,634,099	12.96%
2015-16	27,548,852	26,677,079	96.84%	170,543	26,847,622	97.45%	3,232,106	11.73%
2014-15	26,742,150	26,254,911	98.18%	93,368	26,348,279	98.53%	3,428,552	12.82%

(1) Includes penalty and interest.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Real Estate		Personal Property and Mobile Home		Machinery and Tools		Public Service (2)		Total
2023-24	٠	3,093,290,950	\$	496,305,040	\$	359,740,008	٠	139,324,955	\$	4,088,660,953
2022-23		3,036,147,200		501,905,066		318,635,475		121,820,183		3,978,507,924
2021-22		2,977,599,900		413,442,372		301,191,744		178,056,052		3,870,290,068
2020-21		2,786,596,625		368,610,820		290,271,558		149,943,179		3,595,422,182
2019-20		2,601,630,003		351,551,716		275,139,003		138,554,825		3,366,875,547
18-19		2,575,140,103		342,672,126		280,377,041		138,533,409		3,336,722,679
2017-18		2,550,432,050		332,759,391		260,827,009		145,064,073		3,289,082,523
2016-17		2,537,515,050		319,208,214		236,896,594		149,228,267		3,242,848,125
2015-16		2,524,308,875		308,155,852		228,505,168		144,390,827		3,205,360,722
014-15		2.599.360.300		299.330.652		208.708.502		141.855.487		3,249,254,941

(1) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

			Machinery	
Fiscal	Real	Personal	and	Mobile
Year	Estate	Property	Tools	Homes
2023-24	\$ 0.74	2.35	1.50	0.74
2022-23	0.74	2.35	1.50	0.74
2021-22	0.74	2.35	1.50	0.74
2020-21	0.77	2.35	1.50	0.77
2019-20	0.77	2.35	1.50	0.77
2018-19	0.77	2.35	1.50	0.77
2017-18 (3)	0.64/0.77	2.35	1.50	0.64
2016-17	0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64
2015-16	0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64
2014-15 (2)	0.59/0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64

- (1) Per \$100 of assessed value.
- (2) Real estate rates increased from \$0.59 to \$.64 beginning with the first half 2015.
- (3) Real estate rates increased from \$0.64 to \$0.77 beginning with the first half 2018.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	1,309	1,414	1,531	1,640	1,712	1,832	1,908	651	576	629
8 0	\$									
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	1.08%	1.20%	1.33%	1.54%	1.77%	1.91%	2.02%	0.70%	0.63%	0.73%
Net Bonded Debt	44,106,562	47,655,923	51,611,569	55,432,788	59,704,155	63,874,793	66,528,621	22,709,144	20,094,769	23,671,302
	\$									
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	44,106,562	47,655,923	51,611,569	55,432,788	59,704,155	63,874,793	66,528,621	22,709,144	20,094,769	23,671,302
Assessed Value (in Thousands) (2)	\$ 4,088,661 \$	3,978,508	3,870,290	3,595,422	3,366,876	3,336,723	3,289,083	3,242,848	3,205,361	3,249,255
Population (1)	33,706	33,706	33,706	33,800	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15

(1) Bureau of the Census.

(2) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, leases, subscriptions and compensated absences.

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					2	3		
								Ratio of
							Total	Debt Service
						Total	General	to General
Fiscal						Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year		Principal		Interest		Service	Expenditures	Expenditures
2023-24 (2)	s	3,672,128	❖	1,578,197	❖	5,250,325	\$ 124,401,894	4.22%
2022-23		4,070,866		1,749,496		5,820,362	113,070,511	5.15%
2021-22		3,853,487		1,897,585		5,751,072	100,345,168	5.73%
2020-21		4,271,367		2,055,266		6,326,633	98,874,413	6.40%
2019-20		4,170,638		2,222,850		6,393,488	90,774,161	7.04%
2018-19		4,177,665		2,190,675		6,368,340	87,662,663	7.26%
2017-18		2,482,797		738,402		3,221,199	85,029,029	3.79%
2016-17		2,433,902		819,279		3,253,181	84,235,084	3.86%
2015-16		7,095,430		873,626		7,969,056	87,336,168	9.12%
2014-15		2,109,205		904,063		3,013,268	85,003,816	3.54%

⁽¹⁾ Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School

(2) Includes contributions to the EDA from the County totaling \$6,131,001 related predominately to the buyout of a lessee from their lease obligation.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2042-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Pulaski, Virginia's Response to Findings

Fobiuson, James, Cox, associates

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County of Pulaski, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County of Pulaski, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia April 10, 2025



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County of Pulaski, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County of Pulaski, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute

assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia April 10, 2025

Fobiuson, James, Cox, associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Assistance

	Federal				
	Assistance	Pass Through Entity			
Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying		Federal	Expenditures to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditures	Subrecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education: Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	Unknown	9	1,895	
Virginia Department of Social Services:	73.323	Olikilowii	•	1,073	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	400123/400124		414,334	
CCDF Cluster:	75.550	4001237 400124		414,554	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care					
and Development Fund	93.596	760123/760124		93,177	
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	950122/950123		5,346	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	500123/500124		1,994	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	600423/600424		101,481	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	900122		363	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100123/1100124		326,964	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123/1120124		737,095	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000123/1000124		416,797	
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150122/9150123		6,980	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540123/540124		6,605	
Medicaid Cluster:					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200123/1200124		567,251	
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110123/1110124		542	
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140123/1140124		7,764	
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000321		15,583	
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160122/9160123		10,510	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			5	2,714,681	
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Agriculture:					
Team Nutrition Grants	10.574	APE600720000	\$	175	
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	APE603020000; APE603030000	\$ 83,913		
Virginia Department of Agriculture:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note 3)	10.559	Unknown	<u>2,238</u> \$ 86,151		
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	Unknown	\$ 185,662		
Virginia Department of Education:		1BE 1005 10000 1BE 111000000			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	APE402540000; APE411080000	<u>1,996,369</u> 2,182,031		
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553	APE402530000	909,198		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	40.550	, DETAGRAGO . DETAGRAGO		3,177,380	
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	APE700270000; APE700280000		34,418	
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	40.445	LDE 120 110000		10.705	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	APE438410000		19,705	
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	10.649	DOE865560000		3,256	
Virginia Department of Social Services:					
SNAP Cluster:		40402440404			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	40 574	10123/10124		707.042	
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	40123/40124		706,012	
Total Department of Agriculture			3	3,940,946	
Department of Justice:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
···· 3 ······ · · · · · · ·					
		2020V2GX0048/15POVC21GG00602AS			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	SI/ 15POVC22GG00681ASSI		119,086	
Justice Assistance Act Grant Program	16.738	15PBJA22GG00616MUMU		822	
Total Department of Justice				119,908	
····· ··· ··· ··· · · · · · · · · · ·					
Department of Transportation:					
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:					
		ENF_AL-2023-53262-23262/ENF_AL-			
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	2024-54097-24097	9	23,459	
Highway Safety Cluster:					
		BPT-2023-53271-23271/			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2022-52251-22251		22,821	
Total Department of Transportation			\$	46,280	
Department of Educations					
Department of Education: Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:	94.010	ADE 42004.0000	ć	1 022 725	
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster:	84.010	APE429010000	Ş	1,032,725	
	84.027	APE402870000; APE430710000	\$ 1,136,774		
Special Education - Grants to States		,			
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE625210000	35,964	1 177 770	
Total Special Education Cluster	04.040	ADEC00340000		1,172,738	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE600310000		95,857	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Unknown		5,870	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Student Support and Academic Enrichment Brogram	84.367	APE614800000		149,797	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE602810000		152,476	
Education Stabilization Fund:	04 4250	Hales	ć 0.051		
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	Unknown	\$ 8,856		
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	APE501930000; APE501950000	3,996,095	4 004 054	
Total Department of Education				4,004,951	
Total Department of Education			Ş	6,614,414	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
Department of Labor:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Community College System:					
WIOA Cluster:					
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	Unknown	\$ 1,095,495		
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	Unknown	609,037		
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	Unknown	1,419,493		
Total WIOA Cluster			s	3,124,025 \$	3,124,025
Total Department of Labor			\$	3,124,025	
Executive Office of the President					
Pass through Payments:					
Appalachia HIDTA					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Unknown	\$	16,367	
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2023-EP-00006	\$		
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2022-SS-0082		41,817	
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	58,721	
Department of the Treasury:					
Direct Payments:					
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	Not applicable	Ś	50,000	
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not applicable	\$ 2,551,083		2,000,000
Pass through Payments:			. ,,	,	,,
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unknown	482,921		
Virginia Department of Social Services:			,		
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222	15,780		
Virginia Department of Education:			ŕ		

Total Federal Expenditures Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Total Department of the Treasury

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial

APE452770000

29.837

3,079,621

3,129,621

19,764,963

5,124,025

21.027

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
 (2) Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

(3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

Note 4 -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

 $The \ County \ did \ not \ have \ any \ loans \ or \ loan \ guarantees \ which \ are \ subject \ to \ reporting \ requirements \ for \ the \ current \ year.$

Note 5 -- Donated Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) "unaudited":

The County did not receive any donated items during the year.

Note 6 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$	19,622,683
Less: Payments from Commonwealth and Other Local Governments		(12,798,710)
Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission		3,124,025
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes		(64,115)
Total Primary Government	\$	9,883,883
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$_	9,881,080
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	19,764,963

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A $\,$

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2024-001	Material Weakness
Criteria:	General and subsidiary ledgers should reconcile to one another.
Condition:	The County maintains accounting systems in the Treasurer's Office and the County Office that are not integrated. Accordingly, a batch upload process and reconciliations between the systems are necessary to ensure the County's financial statements are correct.
Effect:	The County has been unable to close months in the system in a timely manner; therefore, interim reporting was inaccurate and the annual close process was delayed significantly.
Cause:	The monthly close and reconciliation process have not been performed timely.
Recommendation:	The County should implement a monthly close process with defined timing parameters so that all Departments are aware of the close requirements. The monthly close process should occur within 30 days after month end. Alternatively, the systems could be integrated.
Management's Response:	Management concurs with the recommendation and has performed reconciliations between the two systems for fiscal year 2024; however, the reconciliations were not performed timely as recommended.
2024-002	Material Weakness
Criteria:	Bank reconciliations should be performed monthly to the County's accounting software (Munis). Any reconciling items (outstanding checks, deposits in transit, etc.) should be supported by a detailed listing of items that can be tested and substantiated.
Condition:	The monthly bank reconciliation is prepared and agreed to a manual ledger rather than Munis. We noted during our audit that the bank reconciliation did not agree to the County's accounting software and required an initial adjustment of approximately \$290,000. Upon further review by management, the adjustment was reduced to approximately \$17,000.
Effect:	The monthly and annual financial statements could contain significant errors.
Cause:	Munis is not utilized to assist in performing the monthly bank reconciliation.
Recommendation:	The Treasurer's office in conjunction with the County should develop a process to reconcile the bank accounts to the County's accounting software (Munis).
Management's Response:	The County and Treasurer will work toward developing a process to reconcile the bank accounts to Munis.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

2023-001	
Condition:	The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements were necessary.
Recommendation:	The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Current Status:	The finding was corrected during fiscal year 2024.
2023-002	
Condition:	The County maintains accounting systems in the Treasurer's Office and the County Office that are not integrated. Accordingly, a batch upload process and reconciliations between the systems are necessary to ensure the County's financial statements are correct.
Recommendation:	The County should implement a process wherein batch uploads are performed at a minimum weekly and a reconciliation between systems is performed monthly. The monthly close process should occur within 30 days after month end. Alternatively, the systems should be integrated.
Current Status:	Finding 2023-002 was repeated in the current year as 2024-001.
2023-003	
Condition:	The monthly bank reconciliation is prepared and agreed to a manual ledger rather than Munis. Additionally, the outstanding checks provided included approximately \$532,933 of outstanding items that had either cleared the bank or been voided in the system. There appeared to be approximately \$663,059 in EFT's in transit that should be included on the outstanding items list that were not included. Lastly, the reconciliation included \$369,572 for credit cards in transit for which documentation was not provided to substantiate the total.
Recommendation:	Any reconciling items on the bank reconciliation should be supported by a detailed listing. Documentation for the items should be maintained for audit purposes. Additionally, the bank reconciliation should be performed to agree to Munis.
Current Status:	Finding 2023-003 was repeated in the current year as 2024-002.
2023-004	
Condition:	The P&E report for 21.027 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds was certified after the deadline on July 10, 2023.
Recommendation:	Management should review the reporting requirements under the federal program and ensure timely reporting going forward.
Current Status:	The finding was corrected during fiscal year 2024.